

data analysis using sql

Data Analysis Using SQL: Unlocking Insights from Your Data

data analysis using sql is a powerful approach that enables businesses, analysts, and developers to extract meaningful insights from vast amounts of data stored in relational databases. SQL, or Structured Query Language, remains one of the most essential tools for querying, manipulating, and managing data efficiently. Whether you're a beginner looking to dive into data analytics or an experienced professional wanting to refine your skills, understanding how to leverage SQL for data analysis is crucial in today's data-driven world.

Why SQL is Essential for Data Analysis

SQL has stood the test of time because of its simplicity, versatility, and efficiency. When it comes to data analysis, SQL is the backbone for interacting with structured data stored in databases like MySQL, PostgreSQL, Microsoft SQL Server, and Oracle. Unlike other data analysis tools that might require exporting data into spreadsheets or specialized software, SQL lets you directly query the database, reducing redundancy and improving accuracy.

One of the greatest advantages of data analysis using SQL lies in its declarative nature. You describe *what* you want, and the database engine figures out *how* to execute the query. This means you can perform complex data transformations and aggregations without writing extensive code.

Key Advantages of Using SQL for Data Analysis

- **Speed and Performance:** SQL databases are optimized for handling large datasets efficiently.
- **Data Integrity:** By querying data directly, you minimize errors introduced during data transfer or manual handling.
- **Flexibility:** SQL supports a wide range of operations like filtering, grouping, joining, and sorting, ideal for exploratory data analysis.
- **Universality:** SQL syntax is standardized, making skills transferable across different database systems.

Core SQL Techniques for Effective Data Analysis

Mastering data analysis using SQL involves understanding several fundamental techniques that

enable you to extract, manipulate, and interpret data effectively.

Filtering Data with WHERE Clauses

The WHERE clause allows you to filter data based on specific conditions, ensuring you analyze only the relevant subset. For example, if you want to analyze sales data from the last quarter or customers from a particular region, WHERE helps you narrow down your dataset.

```
```sql
SELECT * FROM sales
WHERE sale_date BETWEEN '2023-01-01' AND '2023-03-31';
```
```

This kind of selective querying is crucial when working with large datasets to improve query performance and focus your analysis.

Aggregating Data with GROUP BY

Aggregation functions such as COUNT, SUM, AVG, MIN, and MAX help summarize data, providing insights at a glance. The GROUP BY clause groups rows sharing a common attribute, enabling you to compute these aggregates per category.

For instance, to find total sales per product:

```
```sql
SELECT product_id, SUM(quantity_sold) AS total_sales
FROM sales
GROUP BY product_id;
```
```

Using these aggregations, you can identify trends, top-performing products, or periods with peak activity.

Joining Tables for Comprehensive Analysis

Real-world databases often split data across multiple tables to avoid redundancy. To perform holistic analysis, you need to combine these tables using JOIN operations.

Consider a scenario where you want to analyze customer purchase behavior. You might join a customers table with a sales table:

```
```sql
SELECT c.customer_name, SUM(s.amount) AS total_spent
FROM customers c
JOIN sales s ON c.customer_id = s.customer_id
```
```

```
GROUP BY c.customer_name;  
````
```

Mastering different types of joins (INNER JOIN, LEFT JOIN, RIGHT JOIN, FULL OUTER JOIN) allows you to tailor your queries to include or exclude unmatched records, depending on your analytical needs.

## Advanced SQL Features to Enhance Data Analysis

Beyond the basics, SQL offers advanced functionalities that empower deeper data exploration and automation.

### Window Functions for Running Totals and Rankings

Window functions compute values across rows related to the current row without collapsing the result set, unlike GROUP BY. This is incredibly useful for calculating running totals, moving averages, or ranking records.

For example, ranking products by sales within each category:

```
``sql
SELECT product_id, category, SUM(quantity_sold) AS total_sales,
 RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY SUM(quantity_sold) DESC) AS sales_rank
FROM sales
GROUP BY product_id, category;
````
```

This approach uncovers relative performance insights that simple aggregation can't provide.

Common Table Expressions (CTEs) for Readability and Reusability

CTEs allow you to define temporary result sets that can be referenced within the main query. They increase readability and help break down complex queries into manageable parts.

Example:

```
``sql  
WITH monthly_sales AS (  
  SELECT product_id, DATE_TRUNC('month', sale_date) AS month, SUM(quantity_sold) AS total  
  FROM sales  
  GROUP BY product_id, month  
)  
SELECT product_id, month, total
```

```
FROM monthly_sales  
WHERE total > 1000;  
``
```

CTEs are invaluable when building layered analyses or when performing iterative data transformations.

Practical Tips for Performing Data Analysis Using SQL

Stepping into data analysis using SQL can be overwhelming initially, but a few best practices can help streamline your workflow and improve the quality of your insights.

Understand Your Data Schema

Before writing queries, familiarize yourself with the database schema, including table relationships, data types, and constraints. Knowing where data resides and how tables connect saves time and prevents costly mistakes.

Use Indexes to Speed Up Queries

Indexes are critical for optimizing query performance, especially when filtering large tables. Identify columns frequently used in WHERE clauses or JOIN conditions and ensure appropriate indexing is in place.

Write Incremental Queries

Build your queries step-by-step rather than trying to write complex statements all at once. Start by selecting raw data, then add filters, aggregations, and joins gradually. This approach helps debug and understand intermediate results.

Leverage SQL Functions for Data Cleaning

Often, raw data contains inconsistencies or requires formatting. SQL provides built-in functions like TRIM, UPPER/LOWER, CAST, and COALESCE that help clean and standardize data during analysis.

Integrating SQL with Other Data Analysis Tools

While SQL is powerful on its own, combining it with other tools can amplify your analytical capabilities.

Using SQL with Python or R

Data scientists often use Python or R to perform statistical analysis and build machine learning models. These languages can connect to SQL databases, allowing you to extract data via SQL queries and then apply advanced analytics.

For example, using Python's pandas library with SQLAlchemy:

```
```python
import pandas as pd
from sqlalchemy import create_engine

engine = create_engine('postgresql://user:password@localhost/dbname')
query = "SELECT * FROM sales WHERE sale_date >= '2023-01-01'"
df = pd.read_sql_query(query, engine)
```
```

This seamless integration enables a smooth transition from data extraction to complex analysis.

Visualizing SQL Query Results

Visualization tools like Tableau, Power BI, or even Excel can connect to SQL databases, letting you create dashboards and reports that bring your data to life. Writing efficient SQL queries to aggregate and prepare data upfront makes visualization more meaningful and responsive.

Common Challenges and How to Overcome Them

Despite its strengths, data analysis using SQL can pose some challenges, especially for newcomers.

Handling Large Datasets

Querying massive tables may lead to slow performance. To tackle this, use filtering to limit data size, create indexes, or consider partitioning tables. Sometimes, running queries during off-peak hours or using database replicas can help.

Complex Joins and Data Relationships

Understanding complex joins and relationships can be tricky. Visual schema diagrams and ER models can clarify table connections. Also, always test joins on small datasets to verify correctness before scaling up.

Data Quality Issues

Inconsistent or missing data can skew analysis results. Incorporate data validation steps and use SQL functions to handle NULL values and outliers thoughtfully.

Exploring data analysis using SQL opens up a world of possibilities for uncovering patterns, making data-driven decisions, and optimizing business processes. By mastering SQL queries, understanding database structures, and integrating with complementary tools, you'll be well on your way to becoming a proficient data analyst capable of transforming raw data into actionable insights.

Frequently Asked Questions

What are the basic SQL commands used in data analysis?

The basic SQL commands used in data analysis include SELECT (to retrieve data), WHERE (to filter data), GROUP BY (to aggregate data), ORDER BY (to sort data), JOIN (to combine tables), and HAVING (to filter aggregated data).

How can I handle missing or NULL values in SQL during data analysis?

You can handle NULL values in SQL using functions like COALESCE() to replace NULLs with a default value, IS NULL or IS NOT NULL to filter records, and using CASE statements to manage conditional logic involving NULLs.

What is the difference between INNER JOIN and LEFT JOIN in SQL for data analysis?

INNER JOIN returns only the records that have matching values in both tables, while LEFT JOIN returns all records from the left table and the matched records from the right table. If there is no match, the result is NULL on the right side.

How can I perform aggregations and group data effectively in SQL?

You can use aggregate functions like COUNT(), SUM(), AVG(), MIN(), and MAX() along with the GROUP BY clause to group rows that have the same values in specified columns and perform calculations on each group.

What are window functions and how are they useful in SQL data analysis?

Window functions perform calculations across a set of table rows related to the current row, without

collapsing the result set. They are useful for running totals, ranking, moving averages, and other analytic calculations.

How do I optimize SQL queries for large datasets in data analysis?

To optimize SQL queries, use proper indexing, avoid SELECT *, filter data early with WHERE clauses, minimize JOINS where possible, use query execution plans to identify bottlenecks, and consider partitioning large tables.

Can SQL be integrated with other tools for advanced data analysis?

Yes, SQL can be integrated with tools like Python, R, and BI platforms such as Tableau and Power BI. These integrations allow for advanced analytics, visualization, and machine learning on data extracted using SQL queries.

Additional Resources

Data Analysis Using SQL: Unlocking Insights from Structured Data

data analysis using sql has become a cornerstone for businesses and data professionals seeking to derive actionable insights from vast repositories of structured data. Structured Query Language (SQL) remains one of the most powerful and accessible tools for querying, manipulating, and analyzing data stored in relational databases. As organizations continue to accumulate massive datasets, the ability to efficiently extract meaningful patterns and trends using SQL is more critical than ever.

The Role of SQL in Modern Data Analysis

SQL is fundamentally designed to manage and interact with relational databases. Unlike newer data analysis tools that often rely on complex programming or machine learning frameworks, SQL offers a straightforward and declarative approach to data manipulation. This simplicity, coupled with its widespread adoption across industries, solidifies SQL's position as an essential skill in the data analyst's toolkit.

The language's capability to filter, aggregate, join, and transform data makes it particularly suited for exploratory data analysis (EDA), a crucial phase in any data-driven project. Whether it's summarizing sales figures, identifying customer segments, or tracking operational metrics, SQL queries provide a reliable way to sift through large datasets and generate concise reports.

Key Features Driving SQL's Popularity in Data Analysis

- **Data Retrieval and Filtering:** SQL's SELECT statements allow analysts to specify exactly which

columns and rows to retrieve, making it easy to focus on relevant data subsets.

- **Aggregation Functions:** Built-in functions such as COUNT, SUM, AVG, MIN, and MAX enable quick calculations that summarize large datasets.
- **Joins and Relationships:** SQL excels in combining data from multiple tables using JOIN operations, essential for relational data models.
- **Window Functions:** Advanced SQL features like window functions facilitate complex calculations across data partitions, enhancing time series and trend analysis.
- **Data Manipulation:** Beyond querying, SQL supports data insertion, updating, and deletion, allowing analysts to prepare and clean datasets within the database environment.

Comparing SQL-Based Analysis with Other Data Tools

While SQL remains dominant for querying structured data, it's important to contextualize its capabilities alongside other popular data analysis tools such as Python (with Pandas), R, and business intelligence platforms like Tableau or Power BI. Each has distinct advantages depending on the use case.

SQL's primary strength lies in its efficiency and scalability when working directly with relational databases. Complex computations can be pushed down to the database engine, reducing the need for data extraction and minimizing processing time. In contrast, tools like Python offer more flexibility for statistical modeling, machine learning, and unstructured data analysis but often require data to be exported and loaded into memory.

Business intelligence tools provide user-friendly interfaces and powerful visualization options but typically rely on SQL queries executed in the background. Hence, a solid understanding of SQL is often necessary even when working with these platforms.

Pros and Cons of Data Analysis Using SQL

- **Pros:**

- High efficiency in querying large datasets directly in databases.
- Standardized language supported by almost all relational database systems.
- Strong capabilities for data aggregation and summarization.
- Ability to handle complex joins and data relationships.
- Facilitates reproducible and auditable queries.

- **Cons:**

- Limited in advanced statistical and predictive analytics compared to specialized tools.

- Steeper learning curve for non-technical users unfamiliar with query syntax.
- Less suited for unstructured or semi-structured data without additional processing.
- Performance may degrade with poorly optimized queries or very large datasets without indexing.

Best Practices for Effective Data Analysis Using SQL

Maximizing the benefits of data analysis using SQL requires more than just writing queries—it demands an understanding of database schema design, indexing strategies, and query optimization techniques. Analysts should familiarize themselves with the underlying data model to write efficient joins and avoid redundant data retrieval.

Optimizing Query Performance

- Use indexing to speed up search operations on frequently accessed columns.
- Limit data retrieval by filtering early using WHERE clauses.
- Avoid SELECT * statements; specify only necessary columns.
- Leverage aggregate functions and GROUP BY clauses to summarize data efficiently.
- Use subqueries and Common Table Expressions (CTEs) to break down complex queries into manageable parts.

Integrating SQL with Other Analytical Workflows

In many modern data environments, SQL serves as the foundational step in an analytical pipeline. Data extracted via SQL queries can be fed into visualization tools, statistical software, or machine learning algorithms. Tools like dbt (data build tool) facilitate transformation workflows using SQL, enabling version control and collaboration.

Moreover, cloud-based data warehousing solutions such as Amazon Redshift, Google BigQuery, and Snowflake have extended SQL's capabilities by supporting large-scale, distributed processing. This evolution allows data analysts to run sophisticated queries on petabytes of data with relatively low latency.

Emerging Trends and the Future of SQL in Data Analysis

With the growing adoption of big data technologies and NoSQL databases, some predict a decline in SQL's dominance. However, SQL has shown remarkable adaptability. Variants like NewSQL databases combine the scalability of NoSQL with SQL's robustness. Additionally, SQL interfaces are increasingly being built on top of unstructured data lakes, bridging the gap between traditional relational and modern analytical engines.

Natural language interfaces that translate user queries into SQL commands are also gaining traction, making data analysis more accessible to non-experts. This democratization of data access underscores the continuing relevance of SQL in the evolving analytics landscape.

Data analysis using SQL remains a vital skill for extracting value from structured datasets. Its balance of simplicity, power, and ubiquity ensures that it will continue to underpin data-driven decision-making across industries for the foreseeable future.

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data analysis using sql: SQL for Data Analytics Jun Shan, Matt Goldwasser, Upom Malik, Benjamin Johnston, 2022-08-29 Take your first steps to becoming a fully qualified data analyst by learning how to explore complex datasets Key Features Master each concept through practical exercises and activities Discover various statistical techniques to analyze your data Implement everything you've learned on a real-world case study to uncover valuable insights Book Description Every day, businesses operate around the clock, and a huge amount of data is generated at a rapid pace. This book helps you analyze this data and identify key patterns and behaviors that can help you and your business understand your customers at a deep, fundamental level. SQL for Data

Analytics, Third Edition is a great way to get started with data analysis, showing how to effectively sort and process information from raw data, even without any prior experience. You will begin by learning how to form hypotheses and generate descriptive statistics that can provide key insights into your existing data. As you progress, you will learn how to write SQL queries to aggregate, calculate, and combine SQL data from sources outside of your current dataset. You will also discover how to work with advanced data types, like JSON. By exploring advanced techniques, such as geospatial analysis and text analysis, you will be able to understand your business at a deeper level. Finally, the book lets you in on the secret to getting information faster and more effectively by using advanced techniques like profiling and automation. By the end of this book, you will be proficient in the efficient application of SQL techniques in everyday business scenarios and looking at data with the critical eye of analytics professional. What you will learn Use SQL to clean, prepare, and combine different datasets Aggregate basic statistics using GROUP BY clauses Perform advanced statistical calculations using a WINDOW function Import data into a database to combine with other tables Export SQL query results into various sources Analyze special data types in SQL, including geospatial, date/time, and JSON data Optimize queries and automate tasks Think about data problems and find answers using SQL Who this book is for If you're a database engineer looking to transition into analytics or a backend engineer who wants to develop a deeper understanding of production data and gain practical SQL knowledge, you will find this book useful. This book is also ideal for data scientists or business analysts who want to improve their data analytics skills using SQL. Basic familiarity with SQL (such as basic SELECT, WHERE, and GROUP BY clauses) as well as a good understanding of linear algebra, statistics, and PostgreSQL 14 are necessary to make the most of this SQL data analytics book.

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programming is required to get started with this book.

data analysis using sql: *Introducing Data Science for Beginners 2025 | Learn Data Analysis, Visualization & Machine Learning Basics* A. Ali, *Introducing Data Science for Beginners 2025* is your essential guide to understanding the fundamentals of data science, even if you have no prior experience. This beginner-friendly book breaks down core concepts such as data analysis, visualization, statistics, and the basics of machine learning. With real-world examples and simplified explanations, it helps you build a strong foundation in Python, data handling, and decision-making through data. Whether you're a student, professional, or enthusiast, this book provides the perfect starting point to enter the world of data science with confidence.

data analysis using sql: *SQL for Data Science* Antonio Badia, 2020-11-09 This textbook explains SQL within the context of data science and introduces the different parts of SQL as they are needed for the tasks usually carried out during data analysis. Using the framework of the data life cycle, it focuses on the steps that are very often given the short shift in traditional textbooks, like data loading, cleaning and pre-processing. The book is organized as follows. Chapter 1 describes the data life cycle, i.e. the sequence of stages from data acquisition to archiving, that data goes through as it is prepared and then actually analyzed, together with the different activities that take place at each stage. Chapter 2 gets into databases proper, explaining how relational databases organize data. Non-traditional data, like XML and text, are also covered. Chapter 3 introduces SQL queries, but unlike traditional textbooks, queries and their parts are described around typical data analysis tasks like data exploration, cleaning and transformation. Chapter 4 introduces some basic techniques for data analysis and shows how SQL can be used for some simple analyses without too much complication. Chapter 5 introduces additional SQL constructs that are important in a variety of situations and thus completes the coverage of SQL queries. Lastly, chapter 6 briefly explains how to use SQL from within R and from within Python programs. It focuses on how these languages can interact with a database, and how what has been learned about SQL can be leveraged to make life easier when using R or Python. All chapters contain a lot of examples and exercises on the way, and readers are encouraged to install the two open-source database systems (MySQL and Postgres) that are used throughout the book in order to practice and work on the exercises, because simply reading the book is much less useful than actually using it. This book is for anyone interested in data science and/or databases. It just demands a bit of computer fluency, but no specific background on databases or data analysis. All concepts are introduced intuitively and with a minimum of specialized jargon. After going through this book, readers should be able to profitably learn more about data mining, machine learning, and database management from more advanced textbooks and courses.

data analysis using sql: *Data Analytics using Python* Mahmoud Ahmad Al-Khasawneh, 2024-08-07 Descriptive statistics are used to identify the fundamental characteristics of data in a research study. Simply summarized information about the sample and measurements is provided. Descriptive statistics provide information about the components and dissemination of values in single or multiple data set concisely. The classical illustrative statistics allow experts to get a quick sense of the central inclination and degree of diffusion of values in a dataset with a single glance. They are useful in gaining an understanding of data distribution as well as in comparing different data distributions, It is frequently necessary for human geographers to take into consideration the locational citations of the data they are working with. Using spatial descriptive statistics, analysts can determine the central propensity and variation of data in a given geographic area or region. The two types of illustrative analysis are mutually supportive of one another. Experts can research the geographic phenomena with which they are involved by combining both statistics and mathematics. Even though descriptive statistics are straightforward concepts in statistical assessment, they are essential and beneficial in today's world of massive amounts of data. The performance and efficacy of descriptive analysis should not be overshadowed in the face of ever-increasing huge quantities of data being generated continuously and distributed via the Internet. Descriptive statistics are characterized by inferential analysis in most cases. When you use descriptive statistics, you are merely explaining what is or what the information reveals about something. When using inferential

analysis, you are attempting to draw conclusions that are not based solely on the available data. For example, we use inferential analysis to try to infer what the general public might think based on a sample of data. Alternatively, we use inferential analysis to make decisions about the likelihood that a difference between groups observed in this study is a dependable difference or one that could have occurred by chance. As a result, we use inferential analysis to conclude more general conditions from our data, whereas we use descriptive analysis to simply describe what is happening in our data. Descriptive statistics are used to present quantitative explanations in a manageable format. In a research study, we may have a large number of measures. Alternatively, we can quantify a huge number of participants using any measure.

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data analysis using sql: Essentials of Data Analysis Agasti Khatri, 2025-02-20 Essentials of Data Analysis is an indispensable guide that navigates readers through the world of data-driven decision-making. This book presents essential concepts, techniques, and tools in an accessible and user-friendly manner. It serves as a trusted companion for both beginners and professionals in their data analysis journey. We start by laying a solid foundation in data analysis principles, providing a comprehensive understanding of key concepts and methodologies. The book delves into practical techniques for data manipulation, visualization, and exploration, equipping readers with the skills to extract actionable insights from raw data. Real-world examples, case studies, and hands-on exercises bring abstract concepts to life. We emphasize the ethical and responsible use of data, guiding readers through ethical considerations, privacy concerns, and regulatory requirements. This fosters a culture of ethical awareness and accountability. Additionally, we explore emerging trends and technologies shaping the future of data analysis, such as artificial intelligence, machine learning, augmented analytics, and edge computing. By adopting innovative techniques, readers can drive meaningful change within their organizations. Essentials of Data Analysis is a valuable resource for enhancing analytical skills, advancing careers, and understanding the role of data in decision-making.

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analysis, and inferential statistics. Advanced topics like SAS programming concepts and generating reports are also covered in detail, providing readers with the tools to tackle complex data challenges with confidence. With its accessible writing style and emphasis on real-world applications, this book is a practical guide that empowers readers to unlock the full potential of their data. Whether you're analyzing customer behavior, optimizing business processes, or conducting academic research, this handbook will be your trusted companion on the journey to mastering SAS and making informed decisions based on data-driven insights.

WHAT WILL YOU LEARN

- Master the skills to import, clean, and transform data using SAS's powerful data manipulation tools.
- Gain the ability to conduct hypothesis testing to build regression models to analyze data relationships.
- Learn to design and produce compelling data visualizations that effectively communicate your data findings.
- Develop proficiency in advanced SAS programming techniques to tackle intricate analytical tasks.
- Discover the use of clustering analysis and association rules to identify meaningful patterns and relationships in your data.
- Generate professional reports to clearly present your analytical results.

WHO IS THIS BOOK FOR? This book is ideal for data professionals, analysts, researchers, and anyone seeking to enhance their statistical analysis skills with SAS. Prior familiarity with basic statistical concepts and some experience with data analysis tools would be beneficial for readers to fully leverage the content of this handbook.

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- Explore diverse techniques and algorithms for data analytics using Java.
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Book Description This book is a comprehensive guide to data analysis using Java. It starts with the fundamentals, covering the purpose of data analysis, different data types and structures, and how to pre-process datasets. It then introduces popular Java libraries like WEKA and Rapidminer for efficient data analysis. The middle section of the book dives deeper into statistical techniques like descriptive analysis and random sampling, along with practical skills in working with relational databases (JDBC, SQL, MySQL) and NoSQL databases. It also explores various analysis methods like regression, classification, and clustering, along with applications in business intelligence and time series prediction. The final part of the book gives a brief overview of big data analysis with Java frameworks like MapReduce, and introduces deep learning with the Deeplearning4j library. Whether you're new to data analysis or want to improve your Java skills, this book offers a step-by-step approach with real-world examples to help you master data analysis using Java.

What you will learn

- Understand foundational principles and types of data analytics, including descriptive, diagnostic, predictive, and prescriptive analytics.
- Master techniques for preprocessing data, including cleaning and munging, to prepare it for analysis.
- Learn how to create various charts and plots including bar charts, histograms, and scatter plots for effective data

visualization. ● Explore Java-based libraries such as WEKA and Deeplearning4j for implementing machine learning algorithms. ● Develop expertise in statistical techniques including hypothesis testing, regression (linear and polynomial), and probability distributions. ● Acquire practical skills in SQL querying and JDBC for relational databases. ● Explore applications in business intelligence and deep learning, including image recognition and natural language processing. Table of Contents1. Data Analytics Using Java 2. Datasets 3. Data Visualization 4. Java Machine Learning Libraries 5. Statistical Analysis 6. Relational Databases 7. Regression Analysis 8. Classification Analysis 9. Sentiment Analysis 10. Cluster Analysis 11. Working with NoSQL Databases 12. Recommender Systems 13. Applications of Data Analysis 14. Big Data Analysis with Java 15. Deep Learning with Java Index

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