

history of roswell nm

History of Roswell NM: From Frontier Settlement to UFO Icon

History of Roswell NM is a fascinating journey through the rugged landscapes of southeastern New Mexico, weaving together tales of early settlers, cattle ranching, military developments, and one of the most famous incidents in UFO lore. As a city that has grown from a modest frontier town into a cultural landmark, Roswell's story reflects the broader narrative of the American Southwest, marked by resilience, innovation, and a touch of mystery.

Early Beginnings: The Roots of Roswell

The history of Roswell NM begins long before it became known worldwide for extraterrestrial intrigue. Originally inhabited by Native American tribes such as the Apache and the Comanche, the region that is now Roswell offered a strategic location with its proximity to the Pecos River and fertile lands.

In the 19th century, the area was part of the vast frontier that attracted explorers, traders, and settlers moving westward. It was in 1869 that Roswell was officially founded by a man named Roswell Smith, a businessman who saw the potential for a trading post and settlement along the military trails that crossed the region. The town quickly became a hub for cattle ranching and farming due to its favorable climate and water sources.

The Impact of the Railroad

Like many towns in the American West, the arrival of the railroad in the late 19th century played a pivotal role in Roswell's development. The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway connected Roswell to larger markets, enabling the export of cattle and agricultural products. This transportation link not only boosted the economy but also encouraged population growth and urban development.

Roswell During the Early 20th Century

As the 20th century dawned, Roswell evolved from a frontier town into a more established community. The discovery of natural resources, including oil and gas, further diversified the local economy. Additionally, the city invested in infrastructure improvements, schools, and civic institutions, laying the groundwork for a modern municipality.

Roswell's Role in Military History

The history of Roswell NM is deeply intertwined with its military significance, particularly during World War II and the Cold War era. In 1941, the Roswell Army Air Field was established, serving as a key training base for bomber crews. This military presence brought an influx of personnel and technology, dramatically changing the city's demographics and economy.

The airfield would later become Roswell Air Force Base, cementing the city's strategic importance. The military also contributed to the local culture, with veterans and their families settling in the area post-service, enriching the community fabric.

The 1947 Roswell Incident: A Turning Point

No discussion about the history of Roswell NM would be complete without addressing the event that catapulted the city into global fame—the Roswell UFO incident. In July 1947, reports emerged that an unidentified flying object had crashed on a ranch near Roswell. Initially, the military issued statements claiming to have recovered a "flying disc," but these were quickly retracted and replaced with explanations citing a weather balloon.

This incident sparked decades of speculation, conspiracy theories, and a popular culture phenomenon surrounding UFOs and extraterrestrials. While skeptics argue it was a case of mistaken identity or military secrecy, the event undeniably shaped Roswell's identity, tourism, and economy in the years that followed.

How the Incident Influenced Roswell's Cultural Identity

Following the 1947 event, Roswell embraced its newfound fame by hosting UFO-themed festivals, establishing museums like the International UFO Museum and Research Center, and fostering a community of enthusiasts and researchers. This transformation turned the city into a unique blend of historical and paranormal tourism, attracting visitors from around the world keen to explore the mystery.

Modern Roswell: Balancing History and Progress

Today, the history of Roswell NM is a rich tapestry that blends its frontier past, military heritage, and extraterrestrial lore. The city has diversified its economy with industries such as education, healthcare, and manufacturing,

while continuing to celebrate its unique place in American history.

Preserving Historical Landmarks

Roswell takes pride in preserving its historical sites, including the Roswell Museum and Art Center, which offers insights into the region's indigenous cultures, pioneer history, and artistic achievements. Historic downtown Roswell features architecture from the early 20th century, providing a tangible connection to the city's growth and transformation.

Tips for Exploring Roswell's History

- ****Visit the Roswell Museum and Art Center**** to delve into the cultural and natural history of the region.
- ****Explore the Anderson Museum of Contemporary Art****, which showcases local and regional art inspired by Roswell's unique atmosphere.
- ****Tour the historic Roswell Army Air Field site****, where you can learn about the city's military past.
- ****Attend the annual Roswell UFO Festival**** in July to experience the community's embrace of its mysterious legacy.
- ****Take a guided tour of the crash site and surrounding ranchlands**** to get a firsthand sense of the 1947 incident's backdrop.

The Enduring Legacy of Roswell's Past

The history of Roswell NM is more than just a timeline of events—it's a story of adaptation, identity, and community spirit. From its early days as a trading post in the Wild West to its current status as a symbol of mystery and curiosity, Roswell continues to captivate historians, tourists, and UFO enthusiasts alike. Whether you're drawn by its rich cultural heritage or the allure of the unexplained, Roswell offers a unique glimpse into the multifaceted history of the American Southwest.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the significance of Roswell, New Mexico in UFO history?

Roswell, New Mexico is famous for the 1947 incident where an unidentified flying object reportedly crashed near the town, sparking widespread speculation about extraterrestrial life and government cover-ups.

What happened during the Roswell UFO incident in 1947?

In July 1947, a rancher found debris near Roswell, which the military initially described as a 'flying disc' but later claimed was a weather balloon, leading to confusion and conspiracy theories about a possible alien spacecraft crash.

How did the U.S. military initially respond to the Roswell crash?

The U.S. military initially stated they had recovered a 'flying disc,' but shortly after retracted the statement and said the debris was from a weather balloon used in a classified project, fueling controversy.

What is Project Mogul and how does it relate to Roswell?

Project Mogul was a secret military project involving high-altitude balloons designed to detect Soviet nuclear tests; debris from one of these balloons is believed to be what crashed near Roswell.

Why is Roswell considered a hub for UFO enthusiasts and tourism?

Due to the 1947 incident and ongoing interest in UFOs and extraterrestrials, Roswell has become a popular destination for UFO enthusiasts, hosting annual events like the Roswell UFO Festival and featuring museums dedicated to the phenomenon.

Have there been any official government investigations into the Roswell incident?

Yes, the U.S. Air Force conducted investigations in the 1990s, concluding that the debris was from Project Mogul and that reports of alien bodies were likely misidentified military test dummies.

What impact did the Roswell incident have on popular culture?

The Roswell incident inspired numerous books, movies, TV shows, and conspiracy theories, significantly influencing how UFOs and alien encounters are portrayed in popular culture.

Are there any eyewitness accounts from the Roswell incident?

Several eyewitnesses, including military personnel and local civilians, have come forward over the years with varying accounts of the debris and alleged alien bodies, though their testimonies are often conflicting.

What is the current scientific consensus on the Roswell UFO incident?

The scientific consensus is that the Roswell incident was a misidentification of military balloon debris from Project Mogul, with no credible evidence supporting the existence of extraterrestrial spacecraft or beings.

Additional Resources

History of Roswell NM: Unveiling the Layers of a Desert City's Past

history of roswell nm is a subject that intertwines rich cultural heritage, pioneering spirit, and a touch of mystery that has captivated the world for decades. Situated in southeastern New Mexico, Roswell's evolution from a modest frontier settlement to a city known for its unique blend of agriculture, military significance, and extraterrestrial lore offers a multifaceted narrative worthy of exploration. Understanding the history of Roswell NM not only sheds light on the American Southwest's broader historical context but also reveals the social and economic dynamics that have shaped the region.

Early Beginnings and Founding of Roswell

The origins of Roswell date back to the late 19th century when the American frontier was rapidly expanding westward. The area was initially inhabited by Native American tribes, including the Apache and Comanche, who thrived in the arid landscape. The arrival of Anglo-American settlers in the 1860s marked the beginning of a transformational era for the region.

Roswell was officially founded in 1869 by Captain Joseph C. Lea, a cattle rancher and businessman who recognized the potential of the Pecos River valley for agriculture and livestock. The town was named after Roswell Smith, a businessman and investor who provided financial backing to Lea's ranching operations. Early Roswell developed as a ranching and trading post, serving as a hub for cattle drives and commerce in the Southwest.

Geographical and Economic Context

Roswell's location on the high plains of the Chihuahuan Desert played a pivotal role in its development. The Pecos River provided a critical water source for irrigation, enabling the growth of crops such as alfalfa, cotton, and pecans. The introduction of irrigation canals in the late 19th and early 20th centuries facilitated agricultural expansion, which remains a cornerstone of the local economy.

The arrival of the railroad in the 1890s further accelerated Roswell's growth, connecting it to larger markets and attracting settlers. This infrastructural development allowed Roswell to transition from a remote ranching outpost into a burgeoning agricultural and commercial center.

Military Influence and the Roswell Army Air Field

A significant chapter in the history of Roswell NM is its military legacy, particularly during and after World War II. In 1941, the Roswell Army Air Field (RAAF) was established as a training base for bombardiers and other aircrew. The base quickly became one of the largest bombardier training centers in the United States, contributing significantly to the war effort.

The presence of the military base brought economic prosperity and population growth to Roswell. It attracted a diverse workforce and stimulated local businesses. Post-war, the base was converted into Roswell Air Force Base, later renamed Walker Air Force Base in honor of General Kenneth Newton Walker, a World War II hero. This installation remained active until its closure in 1967, after which its facilities were repurposed for civilian and educational uses, including the Roswell International Air Center.

Impact on Local Development

The military's presence introduced technological advancements and infrastructure improvements that benefited the city long after the base's closure. The airfield's conversion into a commercial airport helped maintain Roswell's connectivity. Additionally, the economic boost during the mid-20th century laid the groundwork for modern Roswell's diversified economy.

The 1947 Roswell Incident: Myth vs. History

No discussion about the history of Roswell NM can omit the 1947 Roswell Incident, an event that has become synonymous with UFO lore and conspiracy

theories worldwide. In July 1947, the Roswell Army Air Field issued a press release claiming to have recovered a "flying disc" from a ranch near Roswell. The statement was quickly retracted, with officials clarifying that the debris was from a weather balloon.

Historical Context and Investigations

The incident sparked widespread speculation and has been the subject of numerous government investigations, documentaries, and books. While many attribute the event to a secret military project—Project Mogul, which involved high-altitude balloons designed to detect Soviet nuclear tests—others believe it was evidence of extraterrestrial visitation.

This ambiguity has profoundly impacted Roswell's identity, transforming it into a cultural and tourist destination. The city embraces its UFO reputation through festivals, museums such as the International UFO Museum and Research Center, and themed businesses, which contribute significantly to the local economy.

Modern Roswell: Balancing Heritage and Progress

Today, Roswell is a city that balances its historical roots with contemporary development. Agriculture remains vital, with pecan orchards and dairy farming among the leading industries. The city also functions as a regional hub for healthcare, education, and manufacturing.

Cultural and Historical Preservation

Efforts to preserve Roswell's historical sites are evident in landmarks such as the Roswell Museum and Art Center, the Anderson Museum of Contemporary Art, and the historic downtown district. These institutions highlight both the artistic heritage and the diverse cultural narratives that have shaped Roswell.

Economic and Social Challenges

Despite its attractions and economic diversification, Roswell faces challenges common to many small cities, including economic fluctuations, healthcare access issues, and population stability concerns. The city's reliance on tourism linked to the Roswell Incident presents both opportunities and vulnerabilities, necessitating ongoing strategies to balance heritage tourism with sustainable growth.

Roswell in the Broader Historical Landscape of New Mexico

When viewed within the broader context of New Mexico's history, Roswell exemplifies the state's complex blend of indigenous heritage, Spanish colonial influence, and American frontier expansion. Unlike cities such as Santa Fe or Albuquerque, which emphasize their Spanish and Native American histories, Roswell's narrative is characterized more by its post-Civil War settlement and mid-20th-century military significance.

This distinction makes Roswell a unique case study in New Mexico's historical tapestry, demonstrating how different economic drivers and historical events can shape regional identities within a single state.

Comparative Insights

Compared to nearby towns like Carlsbad, known for Carlsbad Caverns National Park, or Las Cruces, with its agricultural and educational prominence, Roswell's identity is more heavily influenced by a combination of agriculture, military history, and popular culture. This blend creates a distinctive local culture that attracts a diverse range of visitors and residents.

The city's evolution also reflects broader trends in the American Southwest, including the shift from frontier economies to diversified service and tourism sectors, the impact of military installations during the Cold War, and the rise of cultural mythology as an economic asset.

The history of Roswell NM, therefore, is not just a local story but a microcosm of American historical forces at play—settlement, conflict, innovation, and myth-making—that continue to influence how the city is perceived and how it navigates its future.

[History Of Roswell Nm](#)

Find other PDF articles:

<http://142.93.153.27/archive-th-025/pdf?docid=YjR27-9102&title=manual-para-aprender-a-tocar-guitarra-gratis.pdf>

history of roswell nm: History of New Mexico , 1907

history of roswell nm: **The History of Roswell, New Mexico, 1885-1908** James Albert Hense, 1955

history of roswell nm: Hidden History of Southeast New Mexico Donna Blake Birchell & John LeMay, 2017 Outlaws, cattlemen and a plethora of quirky pioneers once riddled southeastern New Mexico. In November 1892, E.W. Doll and J.B. Coates ignited rumors of an eight-foot petrified man in McKittrick Cave. A massive fire and subsequent shootout led to the demise of Phenix, one of the Old West's most scandalous towns. And in August 1932, Bonnie and Clyde kidnapped Carlsbad's Deputy Sheriff Joe Johns. Authors Donna Blake Birchell and John LeMay explore these little-known tales and more that have beguiled this region for centuries.

history of roswell nm: A History of the Jews in New Mexico Henry Jack Tobias, 1990 Ch. I (pp. 7-21) traces the Jewish presence in the state of New Mexico to the Spanish period when the region was colonized, between 1598-1680. Persecuted by the Inquisition in colonial Mexico in the 1590s and 1640s, many Portuguese Conversos fled north to New Leon and New Mexico to seek refuge. States that, until recently, many New Mexican Hispanics have been unaware that they observe Jewish traditions. Some have complained of being called killers of Christ. The present Jewish population is composed mainly of descendants of German Jews who emigrated after 1846-48. In New Mexico there were almost no manifestations of antisemitism, apart from sporadic attacks against Jews (e.g. in 1867) in the press, which showed that personal politics or Jewish economic prominence could elicit latent antisemitism. In 1982 a controversy broke out about the use of the swastika and Nazi-like uniforms in the State University's yearbook, and in 1967 Reies Tijerina, a Christian fundamentalist, accused Jews of having stripped the Hispanics of their ancestral lands.

history of roswell nm: A History of New Mexico Charles Florus Coan, 1925

history of roswell nm: Traveling New Mexico, a Guide to the Historical and State Park Markers ,

history of roswell nm: Roswell, New Mexico Elvis Eugene Fleming, 2003

history of roswell nm: African American History in New Mexico Bruce A. Glasrud, 2013-02-15 Although their total numbers in New Mexico were never large, blacks arrived with Spanish explorers and settlers and played active roles in the history of the territory and state. Here, Bruce Glasrud assembles the best information available on the themes, events, and personages of black New Mexico history. The contributors portray the blacks who accompanied Cabeza de Vaca, Coronado and de Vargas and recount their interactions with Native Americans in colonial New Mexico. Chapters on the territorial period examine black trappers and traders as well as review the issue of slavery in the territory and the blacks who accompanied Confederate troops and fought in the Union army during the Civil War in New Mexico. Eventually blacks worked on farms and ranches, in mines, and on railroads as well as in the military, seeking freedom and opportunity in New Mexico's wide open spaces. A number of black towns were established in rural areas. Lacking political power because they represented such a small percentage of New Mexico's population, blacks relied largely on their own resources and networks, particularly churches and schools.

history of roswell nm: Chaves County John LeMay, 2009 In 1889, Roswell patriarch Capt. Joseph C. Lea, Pat Garrett (the former sheriff who shot Billy the Kid), and land developer Charles B. Eddy ventured to the territorial council and house in Santa Fe to petition for the creation of two new counties from the massive Lincoln County in southeastern New Mexico. The request was granted and Chaves County officially came into being on February 25, 1889. Today, 120 years later, Chaves County still thrives with a population of more than 60,000 people and is the dairy capital of the Southwest, producing around 1.7 billion pounds of milk annually. Explored in this volume is Chaves County's earliest peoples and settlements, including Roswell, Dexter, Hagerman, Lake Arthur, and Elk. It also takes a look at long-forgotten towns such as Acme, Blackdom, Cumberland, Greenfield and even old ranching outfits and farms such as John Chisum's South Spring River headquarters, the Clifton Chisholm alfalfa farm, and many others.

history of roswell nm: Jews in New Mexico Since World War II Henry J. Tobias, 2008-06-16 Tobias explores the cultural and political influence of the New Mexico Jewish community since the Second World War.

history of roswell nm: Encyclopedia of the Great Plains David J. Wishart, 2004-01-01

Wishart and the staff of the Center for Great Plains Studies have compiled a wide-ranging (pun intended) encyclopedia of this important region. Their objective was to 'give definition to a region that has traditionally been poorly defined,' and they have

history of roswell nm: *Genealogist's Address Book. 6th Edition* Elizabeth Petty Bentley, 2009-02 This book is the answer to the perennial question, What's out there in the world of genealogy? What organizations, institutions, special resources, and websites can help me? Where do I write or phone or send e-mail? Once again, Elizabeth Bentley's Address Book answers these questions and more. Now in its 6th edition, The Genealogist's Address Book gives you access to all the key sources of genealogical information, providing names, addresses, phone numbers, fax numbers, e-mail addresses, websites, names of contact persons, and other pertinent information for more than 27,000 organizations, including libraries, archives, societies, government agencies, vital records offices, professional bodies, publications, research centers, and special interest groups.

history of roswell nm: *Roswell, Alien Capital of the World* Blake Hoena, 2025 This high-interest book takes readers to Roswell, New Mexico, to discover the story behind the famous UFO crash, the secrets, and the ongoing mystery that keeps experts wondering.

history of roswell nm: *Towns of Lincoln County* John LeMay, 2010-06-07 Lincoln County is often associated with such legendary figures as outlaw Billy the Kid, Smokey the Bear, and renowned painter Peter Hurd. Named after Pres. Abraham Lincoln in 1869, the new county saw itself through many struggles, including the Lincoln County War, during which cattle barons and landowners bitterly fought over government beef contracts and farmland. At that time, Lincoln was the largest county in the United States and is now home to modern mountain towns such as Carrizozo, Capitan, Ruidoso, and the locally famous ghost town White Oaks, which had been a gold rush boomtown. Lincoln County also contains the beautiful Hondo Valley settlements and ranching communities such as Tinnie, Picacho, San Patricio, Hondo, and Glencoe. From the rolling hills of the Hondo Valley, to the bloody streets of Lincoln, all the way to the forested mountains of Capitan, this retrospective explores the areas rich history.

history of roswell nm: *Historical Blue Book of New Mexico* , 1915

history of roswell nm: *The Rise and Fall of the Lazy S Ranch* David J. Murrah, 2022-01-18 The Lazy S Ranch, one of the last major ranches to be established in Texas, came into being at a time when most of the other great ranches were disappearing. Founded in 1898 by Dallas banker and rancher Colonel Christopher Columbus Slaughter, the Lazy S grew to comprise nearly 250,000 acres of the western High Plains in Cochran and Hockley counties, much of which lay in a single contiguous pasture of more than 180,000 acres. Even with careful investment and management, C. C. Slaughter faced many challenges putting together an extensive ranch amid the development of the farmers' frontier on the high plains. Within a decade, he crafted the Lazy S to become a showplace for well-bred cattle, effective range management, and efficient utilization of limited water resources. He created a working ranch that would serve as a long-lasting legacy for his wife and nine children, to remain "undivided and indivisible." But shortly after his death in 1919, the family drained its resources, drove it into debt, then divided the land ten ways. In the 1930s, good fortune returned to some of the Slaughter heirs with the discovery of oil on the family lands. Though the Lazy S Ranch was soon forgotten, the breakup of the ranch spurred a new era for the western Llano Estacado and led to the establishment of a county, growth of four new towns, and a railroad across the heart of the ranch, fostered for the most part by the land development projects of Slaughter's descendants. Here, David J. Murrah covers the entire, fascinating history in *The Rise and Fall of the Lazy S Ranch*.

history of roswell nm: *New Mexico Historical Review* Lansing Bartlett Bloom, Paul A. F. Walter, 1997

history of roswell nm: *Historical Statistics on Banking* , 1993

history of roswell nm: *Cumulative List of Organizations Described in Section 170 (c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954* , 2003

history of roswell nm: *Interpreting Agriculture at Museums and Historic Sites* Debra A.

Reid, 2017-01-23 Interpreting Agriculture in Museums and Historic Sites orients readers to major themes in agriculture and techniques in education and interpretation that can help you develop humanities-based public programming that enhance agricultural literacy. Case studies illustrate the ways that local research can help you link your history organization to compelling local, national (even international) stories focused on the multidisciplinary topic. That ordinary plow, pitch fork, and butter paddle can provide the tangible evidence of the story worth telling, even if the farm land has disappeared into subdivisions and agriculture seems as remote as the nineteenth century. Other topics include discussion of alliances between rural tourism and community-supported agriculture, farmland conservation and stewardship, heritage breed and seed preservation efforts, and antique tractor clubs. Any of these can become indispensable partners to history organizations searching for a new interpretive theme to explore and new partners to engage.

Related to history of roswell nm

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've visited

Delete your activity - Computer - Google Account Help Delete your activity automatically You can automatically delete some of the activity in your Google Account. On your computer, go to your Google Account. At the left, click Data & privacy. Under

Find & erase your Google Search history Tip: Your search history isn't saved to your Google Account when you search and browse in Incognito mode. If you choose "Turn off and delete activity," follow the steps to pick what you

Manage your Google data with My Activity Customize privacy settings to best meet your needs. Devices that use Google's services when you're signed in to a Google Account Access and manage your search history and activity in

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: Tip: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've

Access & control activity in your account - Google Help Under "History settings," click My Activity. To access your activity: Browse your activity, organized by day and time. To find specific activity, at the top, use the search bar and filters. Manage

View or delete your YouTube search history You can manage your search history by deleting individual searches or clearing or pausing search history. Learn more about your data in YouTube and managing your YouTube activity

Last account activity - Gmail Help - Google Help You can see your sign-in history, including the dates and times that your Gmail account was used. You can also see the IP addresses which were used to access your account. See your account

Delete browsing data in Chrome - Computer - Google Help Delete browsing data in Chrome You can delete your Chrome browsing history and other browsing data, like saved form entries, or just delete data from a specific date

Manage your Timeline data - Google Account Help Delete Timeline data You can manage and delete your location information with Google Maps Timeline. You can choose to delete all of your history, or only parts of it. Learn how to manage

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've visited

Delete your activity - Computer - Google Account Help Delete your activity automatically You can automatically delete some of the activity in your Google Account. On your computer, go to your Google Account. At the left, click Data & privacy. Under

Find & erase your Google Search history Tip: Your search history isn't saved to your Google Account when you search and browse in Incognito mode. If you choose "Turn off and delete activity,"

follow the steps to pick what you

Manage your Google data with My Activity Customize privacy settings to best meet your needs. Devices that use Google's services when you're signed in to a Google Account Access and manage your search history and activity in

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: Tip: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've

Access & control activity in your account - Google Help Under "History settings," click My Activity. To access your activity: Browse your activity, organized by day and time. To find specific activity, at the top, use the search bar and filters. Manage

View or delete your YouTube search history You can manage your search history by deleting individual searches or clearing or pausing search history. Learn more about your data in YouTube and managing your YouTube activity

Last account activity - Gmail Help - Google Help You can see your sign-in history, including the dates and times that your Gmail account was used. You can also see the IP addresses which were used to access your account. See your account

Delete browsing data in Chrome - Computer - Google Help Delete browsing data in Chrome You can delete your Chrome browsing history and other browsing data, like saved form entries, or just delete data from a specific date

Manage your Timeline data - Google Account Help Delete Timeline data You can manage and delete your location information with Google Maps Timeline. You can choose to delete all of your history, or only parts of it. Learn how to manage

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've visited

Delete your activity - Computer - Google Account Help Delete your activity automatically You can automatically delete some of the activity in your Google Account. On your computer, go to your Google Account. At the left, click Data & privacy. Under

Find & erase your Google Search history Tip: Your search history isn't saved to your Google Account when you search and browse in Incognito mode. If you choose "Turn off and delete activity," follow the steps to pick what you

Manage your Google data with My Activity Customize privacy settings to best meet your needs. Devices that use Google's services when you're signed in to a Google Account Access and manage your search history and activity in

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: Tip: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've

Access & control activity in your account - Google Help Under "History settings," click My Activity. To access your activity: Browse your activity, organized by day and time. To find specific activity, at the top, use the search bar and filters. Manage

View or delete your YouTube search history You can manage your search history by deleting individual searches or clearing or pausing search history. Learn more about your data in YouTube and managing your YouTube activity

Last account activity - Gmail Help - Google Help You can see your sign-in history, including the dates and times that your Gmail account was used. You can also see the IP addresses which were used to access your account. See your account

Delete browsing data in Chrome - Computer - Google Help Delete browsing data in Chrome You can delete your Chrome browsing history and other browsing data, like saved form entries, or just delete data from a specific date

Manage your Timeline data - Google Account Help Delete Timeline data You can manage and delete your location information with Google Maps Timeline. You can choose to delete all of your

history, or only parts of it. Learn how to manage

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've visited

Delete your activity - Computer - Google Account Help Delete your activity automatically You can automatically delete some of the activity in your Google Account. On your computer, go to your Google Account. At the left, click Data & privacy.

Find & erase your Google Search history Tip: Your search history isn't saved to your Google Account when you search and browse in Incognito mode. If you choose "Turn off and delete activity," follow the steps to pick what you

Manage your Google data with My Activity Customize privacy settings to best meet your needs. Devices that use Google's services when you're signed in to a Google Account Access and manage your search history and activity in

Check or delete your Chrome browsing history Your History lists the pages you've visited on Chrome in the last 90 days. It doesn't store: Tip: If you're signed in to Chrome and sync your history, then your History also shows pages you've

Access & control activity in your account - Google Help Under "History settings," click My Activity. To access your activity: Browse your activity, organized by day and time. To find specific activity, at the top, use the search bar and filters. Manage

View or delete your YouTube search history You can manage your search history by deleting individual searches or clearing or pausing search history. Learn more about your data in YouTube and managing your YouTube activity

Last account activity - Gmail Help - Google Help You can see your sign-in history, including the dates and times that your Gmail account was used. You can also see the IP addresses which were used to access your account. See your

Delete browsing data in Chrome - Computer - Google Help Delete browsing data in Chrome You can delete your Chrome browsing history and other browsing data, like saved form entries, or just delete data from a specific date

Manage your Timeline data - Google Account Help Delete Timeline data You can manage and delete your location information with Google Maps Timeline. You can choose to delete all of your history, or only parts of it. Learn how to manage

Related to history of roswell nm

The real story of Roswell UFO crash (Hosted on MSN1mon) The Roswell UFO incident of 1947 has captivated the world for decades, evolving from a mere footnote in history to a significant cultural to his sheep in the arid fields outside of Roswell, New

The real story of Roswell UFO crash (Hosted on MSN1mon) The Roswell UFO incident of 1947 has captivated the world for decades, evolving from a mere footnote in history to a significant cultural to his sheep in the arid fields outside of Roswell, New

Air race championship takes flight in New Mexico's Roswell (20don MSN) The National Championship Air Races are kicking off in New Mexico for the first time in the competition's 60-year history. The event runs through Sunday at a commercial airfield outside Roswell,

Air race championship takes flight in New Mexico's Roswell (20don MSN) The National Championship Air Races are kicking off in New Mexico for the first time in the competition's 60-year history. The event runs through Sunday at a commercial airfield outside Roswell,

Back to Home: <http://142.93.153.27>