

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan

The Enduring Charm of The School for Scandal by Richard Brinsley Sheridan

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan stands as one of the most celebrated comedies in English literature, a sparkling satire that brilliantly exposes the follies and vices of high society. Written in the late 18th century, this play remains remarkably relevant, delighting audiences with its witty dialogue, sharp characterization, and insightful commentary on gossip, hypocrisy, and social intrigue. If you've ever been fascinated by the way rumors can shape reputations or enjoyed a clever comedy of manners, diving into *The School for Scandal* offers both entertainment and a timeless reflection on human nature.

The Historical Context of The School for Scandal by Richard Brinsley Sheridan

To truly appreciate the brilliance of *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan, it helps to understand the social and literary backdrop against which it was created. Premiering in 1777 at London's Drury Lane Theatre, the play emerged during the Georgian era, a period marked by strict social hierarchies and a burgeoning culture of gossip among the aristocracy.

Sheridan, an Irish playwright and politician, was deeply embedded in the theatrical and political scenes of his time. His acute observations of the social climbers and scandal-mongers of fashionable London provided rich material for this satirical masterpiece. The play's focus on the destructive power of scandal and the superficial nature of polite society resonated with audiences who recognized the characters and situations as exaggerated reflections of their own world.

Why The Play's Satire Still Resonates Today

Though nearly 250 years old, *The School for Scandal* remains relevant because the human behaviors it critiques—jealousy, gossip, vanity—are universal and timeless. In an age dominated by social media and instant communication, the play's themes of rumor-mongering and reputation management feel especially poignant. Sheridan's sharp wit invites us to laugh at the absurd lengths people go to maintain appearances and control narratives, a dynamic just as present in contemporary society as it was in the 18th century.

Plot Overview: A Comedy of Intrigue and Misdirection

At its core, *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan is a comedy revolving around misunderstandings, secret schemes, and the consequences of careless gossip. The story centers on two sisters, Lady Teazle and Maria, and a host of characters engaged in romantic entanglements and

social manipulations.

Lady Teazle, newly married to the much older Sir Peter Teazle, struggles to fit into the aristocratic world she has entered. Meanwhile, characters like Charles Surface and Joseph Surface, two brothers with contrasting personalities, navigate love and honor under the watchful eyes of the scandal-hungry social circle. The “school for scandal” itself is a metaphorical term for the gossip-driven society that thrives on spreading rumors and judging others.

Throughout the play, Sheridan masterfully intertwines comic situations with moments of genuine moral reflection, making the audience both laugh at, and think about, the consequences of deceit and superficial judgments.

Key Characters and Their Roles

- **Sir Peter Teazle:** A wealthy, middle-aged gentleman whose marriage to Lady Teazle forms a central part of the plot.
- **Lady Teazle:** A young, fashionable woman caught between her desire for independence and social expectations.
- **Charles Surface:** The charming but reckless brother who embodies generosity and good nature masked by a carefree lifestyle.
- **Joseph Surface:** The hypocritical brother who presents himself as virtuous while scheming behind the scenes.
- **Sir Oliver Surface:** The wealthy uncle who tests his nephews’ true characters.
- **Crabtree and Snake:** Comic characters who contribute to the play’s humor and social critique.

Understanding these characters helps illuminate how Sheridan uses personality contrasts and social dynamics to craft a compelling narrative that critiques the superficiality of his time.

Literary Style and Themes in *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan

Sheridan’s play is a masterclass in the comedy of manners genre, combining clever wordplay, sharp repartee, and biting irony to expose the pretenses of high society. The language sparkles with wit, making the dialogue a highlight of any performance or reading.

Themes Explored in the Play

- **Gossip and Its Consequences:** The play's title itself underscores the central role of rumor and scandal in shaping social relations. Sheridan unpacks how gossip can destroy reputations and distort reality.
- **Hypocrisy and Appearance vs. Reality:** Characters often hide their true intentions behind masks of politeness and virtue, revealing the gap between public facade and private behavior.
- **Morality and Forgiveness:** Despite the satire, the play ultimately advocates for honesty, understanding, and redemption, emphasizing the possibility of personal growth.
- **Social Class and Marriage:** The tension between love, financial considerations, and social expectations drives much of the drama.

How Sheridan's Language Enhances the Play

One of the reasons *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan endures is its sharp and engaging language. Sheridan's use of irony, paradox, and epigrams keeps the audience entertained and intellectually stimulated. His characters deliver memorable lines that have become staples in the study of English literature, such as "The devil can cite Scripture for his purpose," highlighting the complexity of human motives.

The play's rhythm and pacing, combined with its clever dialogue, make it a natural fit for stage performances, where timing and delivery enhance the comedic effect.

Performances and Adaptations: Bringing *The School for Scandal* to Life

Over the centuries, *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan has seen countless revivals and adaptations, attesting to its lasting appeal. From traditional stage productions to radio dramas and modern reinterpretations, the play continues to captivate audiences worldwide.

Notable Productions and Interpretations

Many renowned actors and directors have taken on the challenge of bringing Sheridan's characters to life, often highlighting different aspects of the play's themes. Some productions emphasize the farcical elements, while others delve into the darker critiques of social hypocrisy.

Modern adaptations sometimes update the setting or dialogue to resonate with contemporary audiences, demonstrating the flexibility of the play's core messages.

Why Study and Watch The School for Scandal Today?

For students and lovers of theatre, *The School for Scandal* offers rich material for exploring 18th-century drama, social satire, and character development. Watching or reading the play can deepen one's appreciation for how comedy can serve as a powerful tool for social commentary.

Moreover, the play's exploration of rumor culture and social facades provides valuable insights that remain applicable, especially in today's fast-paced, image-conscious world.

Tips for Enjoying and Analyzing The School for Scandal by Richard Brinsley Sheridan

If you're new to Sheridan's work or planning to study *The School for Scandal* more deeply, here are some helpful tips:

- **Pay Attention to the Dialogue:** The play's wit and humor largely come through its language, so reading aloud or watching a performance can enhance understanding.
- **Focus on Character Contrasts:** Notice how the brothers Charles and Joseph Surface embody opposing traits to highlight themes of sincerity versus deceit.
- **Consider the Social Context:** Understanding Georgian-era social customs and values can enrich your interpretation of the play's satire.
- **Look for Modern Parallels:** Reflect on how gossip and reputation management play out in today's society, making the play relevant beyond its historical setting.

Engaging with *The School for Scandal* on multiple levels can transform it from a mere period piece into a lively and thought-provoking experience.

Exploring *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan reveals not only a brilliant theatrical work but also a mirror reflecting the complexities of human interaction and societal pressures. Whether encountered on stage, on the page, or through adaptation, Sheridan's masterpiece continues to entertain and provoke reflection on the timeless dance between truth, appearance, and the ever-entertaining world of scandal.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the central theme of 'The School for Scandal' by Richard Brinsley Sheridan?

The central theme of 'The School for Scandal' is the damaging effects of gossip and hypocrisy in high society, illustrating how malicious rumors can ruin reputations and relationships.

Who are the main characters in 'The School for Scandal' and what roles do they play?

The main characters include Sir Peter Teazle, a wealthy older man married to a young wife; Lady Teazle, who struggles with her new social status; Joseph Surface, a hypocritical gentleman; and Charles Surface, his generous and good-hearted brother. These characters embody the themes of deception, virtue, and vice.

How does Sheridan use satire in 'The School for Scandal'?

Sheridan uses satire to mock the superficiality and moral corruption of the upper class. Through witty dialogue and exaggerated characters, he exposes the absurdity of gossip, vanity, and pretentiousness in fashionable society.

What is the significance of the title 'The School for Scandal'?

The title suggests that the play is a lesson or exposure in the art of scandal-mongering. It highlights how society has become a 'school' where people learn to spread rumors and indulge in gossip, often without regard for truth or consequence.

How does the play 'The School for Scandal' reflect the social context of 18th-century England?

The play reflects 18th-century English society's obsession with reputation, social status, and appearances. It critiques the aristocracy's preoccupation with gossip and the moral double standards prevalent among the upper classes during that period.

What role does irony play in 'The School for Scandal'?

Irony is central to the play, particularly dramatic irony, where the audience knows the truth behind the characters' facades while the characters themselves are deceived. This heightens the comedic effect and underscores the themes of hypocrisy and deception.

Why is 'The School for Scandal' still relevant to modern audiences?

'The School for Scandal' remains relevant because its exploration of gossip, reputation, and hypocrisy transcends time. In today's social media age, the play's critique of rumor-mongering and false appearances resonates strongly with contemporary concerns about misinformation and social judgment.

Additional Resources

The School for Scandal by Richard Brinsley Sheridan: A Timeless Satire on Gossip and Hypocrisy

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan stands as one of the most celebrated comedies of manners in English literature, renowned for its sharp wit, intricate plot, and enduring social commentary. First performed in 1777, this play masterfully dissects the corrosive effects of gossip and duplicity within high society, themes that remain strikingly relevant in today's world. Sheridan's keen observations on human behavior, combined with his theatrical craftsmanship, have cemented *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan as a pivotal work that continues to captivate audiences and scholars alike.

Context and Historical Background

Set against the backdrop of late 18th-century British aristocracy, *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan reflects the social milieu of its time—a period marked by rigid class structures and a preoccupation with reputation. Sheridan, an Irish playwright and politician, channeled his acute understanding of social dynamics into this play, using satire to expose the superficiality and moral duplicity rampant among the elite. His portrayal of scandal-mongers and hypocrites was not merely for humor; it was a pointed critique of societal norms that valued appearance over integrity.

Plot Overview and Structural Elements

At its core, *The School for Scandal* revolves around a tangled web of misunderstandings, secret affairs, and malicious gossip that threaten to upend the lives of several characters. The narrative primarily follows Lady Teazle, a young woman from the country married into aristocracy, who becomes entangled in the social intrigues of London society. Parallel to her storyline is the machination of characters like Sir Peter Teazle, Joseph Surface, and Charles Surface, whose interactions underscore the tension between appearance and reality.

Sheridan's structure is notably tight, employing a classic five-act format that balances character development with escalating dramatic tension. The play's pacing ensures that comedic moments are interspersed with more serious reflections on trust and virtue. This careful orchestration enhances the impact of key scenes, particularly those revealing the duplicity of characters who feign morality while engaging in scandalous behavior themselves.

Characterization and Themes

One of the defining features of *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan is its rich cast of characters, each embodying distinct facets of the social critique Sheridan advances.

- **Lady Teazle:** A nuanced character torn between her desire for freedom and the constraints imposed by her social status. Her transformation from naïveté to self-awareness drives much of the emotional undercurrent.

- **Sir Peter Teazle:** The pragmatic older husband, embodying the tensions between age, authority, and suspicion common in aristocratic marriages of the period.
- **Joseph Surface:** The archetype of the hypocrite—outwardly virtuous but morally bankrupt, serving as a vehicle for Sheridan’s critique of false appearances.
- **Charles Surface:** Contrasting Joseph, Charles is a genuine character who, despite his flaws, represents sincerity and honor.

The interplay between these characters highlights major themes such as the destructive power of gossip, the disparity between appearance and reality, and the social obsession with reputation. Sheridan’s exploration goes beyond mere comedy, inviting audiences to reflect on the ethical implications of their own social interactions.

Language and Wit

Sheridan’s mastery of language is evident throughout *The School for Scandal*. The play is replete with clever repartees, ironic observations, and memorable aphorisms that have since entered the canon of English literature. His use of satire is subtle yet incisive, reflecting an understanding of both theatrical demands and social psychology. The dialogue crackles with energy, making the characters’ exchanges both entertaining and revealing.

This linguistic dexterity serves a dual purpose: it entertains while simultaneously exposing the absurdities and pretenses of the characters. Such verbal agility ensures that the play’s critical edge is never dulled by its comedic form.

Comparative Perspectives and Legacy

When compared to other comedies of manners from the same era, *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan stands out for its balance between social critique and theatricality. While contemporaries like Oliver Goldsmith’s *She Stoops to Conquer* also engage with social themes, Sheridan’s work is distinguished by its sharper satirical tone and more complex character dynamics.

Its influence extends beyond the 18th century, inspiring numerous adaptations and revivals on stages worldwide. The play’s themes have proven adaptable to various cultural contexts, with modern productions often highlighting issues of media sensationalism and the viral nature of gossip in the digital age.

Pros and Cons of the Play’s Modern Relevance

- **Pros:**

- Timeless exploration of human behavior and social dynamics.
- Rich characterizations that allow for diverse interpretations.
- Sharp wit that appeals to contemporary audiences seeking intellectual comedy.
- Applicable themes in the context of social media and public scrutiny.

• **Cons:**

- Period-specific language and references may challenge modern viewers.
- Some plot devices and character motivations reflect outdated social norms.
- The play's pacing and style might feel formal compared to contemporary comedies.

Despite these minor drawbacks, the enduring appeal of *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan is evident in its continued presence in educational curricula, theatrical repertoires, and literary studies.

Conclusion: Enduring Impact of *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan

The School for Scandal by Richard Brinsley Sheridan remains a significant work not only for its theatrical brilliance but also for its incisive social commentary. Its exploration of themes like hypocrisy, gossip, and the tension between appearance and reality transcends its historical period, offering valuable insights into human nature and societal behavior. Sheridan's skillful blending of humor with critique ensures that the play is both entertaining and thought-provoking, making it a staple of English drama and an enduring subject of analysis for scholars and theater enthusiasts worldwide.

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Brinsley Sheridan, 2018-05-12 Richard Brinsley Sheridan's classic comedy telling a tale of crossed love in English high society. Characters include: Sir Peter Teazle, Lady Teazle, Sir Oliver Surface, Joseph Surface, Charles Surface, Maria, Lady Sneerwell, Sir Benjamin Backbite, Sir Harry Bumper, Careless, Rowley, Snake, Trip, Mrs Candour, Crabtree, and Moses.

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: The School for Scandal (1777). By: Richard Brinsley Sheridan Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 2018-01-25 The School for Scandal is a play written by Richard Brinsley Sheridan. It was first performed in London at Drury Lane Theatre on 8 May 1777. Plot Act I Scene I: Lady Sneerwell, a wealthy young widow, and her hireling Snake discuss her various scandal-spreading plots. Snake asks why she is so involved in the affairs of Sir Peter Teazle, his ward Maria, and Charles and Joseph Surface, two young men under Sir Peter's informal guardianship, and why she has not yielded to the attentions of Joseph, who is highly respectable. Lady Sneerwell confides that Joseph wants Maria, who is an heiress, and that Maria wants Charles. Thus she and Joseph are plotting to alienate Maria from Charles by putting out rumors of an affair between Charles and Sir Peter's new young wife, Lady Teazle. Joseph arrives to confer with Lady Sneerwell. Maria herself then enters, fleeing the attentions of Sir Benjamin Backbite and his uncle Crabtree. Mrs. Candour enters and ironically talks about how tale-bearers are as bad as the tale-makers. Soon after that, Sir Benjamin and Crabtree also enter, bringing a good deal of gossip with them. One item is the imminent return of the Surface brothers' rich uncle Sir Oliver from the East Indies, where he has been for fifteen years; another is Charles' dire financial situation. Scene II: Sir Peter complains of Lady Teazle's spendthrift ways. Rowley, the former steward of the Surfaces' late father, arrives, and Sir Peter gives him an earful on the subject. He also complains that Maria has refused Joseph, whom he calls a model for the young men of the age, and seems attached to Charles, whom he denounces as a profligate. Rowley defends Charles, and then announces that Sir Oliver has just arrived from the East Indies. Act II [edit] Scene I: Sir Peter argues with his wife, Lady Teazle, refusing to be ruined by [her] extravagance. He reminds her of her recent and far humbler country origins. Lady Teazle excuses herself by appealing to the fashion, and departs to visit Lady Sneerwell. Despite their quarrel, Sir Peter still finds himself charmed by his wife even when she is arguing with him. Scene II: At Lady Sneerwell's, the scandal-mongers have great fun at the expense of friends not present. Lady Teazle and Maria arrive; Lady Teazle joins in, but Maria is disgusted..... Richard Brinsley Butler Sheridan (30 October 1751 - 7 July 1816) was an Irish satirist, a playwright and poet, and long-term owner of the London Theatre Royal, Drury Lane. He is known for his plays such as *The Rivals*, *The School for Scandal*, *The Duenna*, and *A Trip to Scarborough*. He was also a Whig MP for 32 years in the British House of Commons for Stafford (1780-1806), Westminster (1806-1807), and Ilchester (1807-1812). He is buried at Poets' Corner in Westminster Abbey. His plays remain a central part of the canon and are regularly performed worldwide.

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: The School for Scandal Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 1782

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: The School for Scandal Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 2018-08-26 *The School for Scandal: A Comedy* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan. The School for Scandal is a play written by Richard Brinsley Sheridan. It was first performed in London at Drury Lane Theatre on 8 May 1777. Various editions of the play exhibit several relatively minor textual differences. One reason is that Sheridan revised his text repeatedly, not only prior to its first production, but afterwards. In its earliest stages, as detailed by Thomas Moore, Sheridan developed two separate play sketches, one initially entitled *The Slanderers* that began with Lady Sneerwell and Spatter (equivalent to Snake in the final version), and the other involving the Teazles. He eventually combined these and with repeated revisions and restructuring arrived at substantially the play that we have today.

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL Richard Brinsley 1751-1816 Sheridan, 2016-08-28

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: The School for Scandal Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 2014-05-29 Enduringly popular less for its plots than for its verbal brilliance and

wit, *The School for Scandal* (1777) was the most frequently performed play of its time. Sir Peter Teazle has made the perennial mistake of elderly bachelors in English comedy and married a much younger wife in the hope that she will be too innocent to cross him. In fact, Lady Teazle spends her time with Lady Sneerwell and the worst set of scandalmongers in town, who have a beady eye on Charles Surface, the reckless young libertine, in expectation of seeing him ruined. Charles, however, turns out to possess the sterling virtues of generosity and loyalty to friends and family; and it is his hypocritical brother Joseph who ends up the villain of the piece. This edition discusses Sheridan's earlier drafts for the play and sets it into its theatrical context of anti-sentimentalism and its social context of the London High Society in which Sheridan had begun to move.

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: *The School for Scandal* Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 2017-04-30 How is this book unique? Font adjustments & biography included Unabridged (100% Original content) Illustrated About *The School for Scandal* by Richard Brinsley Sheridan Richard Brinsley Sheridan was a prominent British playwright and poet in the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Sheridan also served as a Member of Parliament and he was the long-time owner of the London Theatre Royal. Sheridan is now best remembered for classic satirical plays such as *The Rivals*, *The School for Scandal*, and *A Trip to Scarborough*. *The School for Scandal* is a five-act comedy of manners that was first performed in 1777. The play is notable for its excellent satire of upper class London society in the late 18th century. Richly exploited comic situations, effervescent wit, and intricate plots combine to make Sheridan's work among the best of all English comedy. This edition includes his most famous plays, *The Rivals*, *The School for Scandal*, and *The Critic*, as well as two lesser known musical plays, *The Duenna* and *A Trip to Scarborough*. A detailed introduction and notes on Sheridan's playhouses and critical inheritance make this an invaluable edition for study and performance alike.

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the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: *The School for Scandal* Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 2014-10-09 *The School for Scandal - A Comedy - A Portrait* by R. B. Sheridan. A Play in Five Acts. *The School for Scandal* is a play written by Richard Brinsley Sheridan. It was first performed in London at Drury Lane Theatre on 8 May 1777. Scene I: Lady Sneerwell, a wealthy young widow, and her hireling Snake discuss her various scandal-spreading plots. Snake asks why she is so involved in the affairs of Sir Peter Teazle, his ward Maria, and Charles and Joseph Surface, two young men under Sir Peter's informal guardianship, and why she has not yielded to the attentions of Joseph, who is highly respectable. Lady Sneerwell confides that Joseph wants Maria, who is an heiress, and that she wants Charles. Thus she and Joseph are plotting to alienate Maria

from Charles by putting out rumours of an affair between Charles and Sir Peter's new young wife, Lady Teazle. Joseph arrives to confer with Lady Sneerwell. Maria herself then enters, fleeing the attentions of Sir Benjamin Backbite and his uncle Crabtree. Mrs. Candour enters and ironically talks about how tale-bearers are as bad as the tale-makers. Soon after that, Sir Benjamin and Crabtree also enter, bringing a good deal of gossip with them. One item is the imminent return of the Surface brothers' rich uncle Sir Oliver from the East Indies, where he has been for sixteen years; another is Charles' dire financial situation. Scene II: Sir Peter complains of Lady Teazle's spendthrift ways. Rowley, the former steward of the Surfaces' late father, arrives, and Sir Peter gives him an earful on the subject. He also complains that Maria has refused Joseph, whom he calls a model for the young men of the age, and seems attached to Charles, whom he denounces as a profligate. Rowley defends Charles, and then announces that Sir Oliver has just arrived from the East Indies.

the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: School for Scandal Richard Brinsley Sheridan, 2015-06-18 The text of THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL in this edition is taken, by Mr. Fraser Rae's generous permission, from his SHERIDAN'S PLAYS NOW PRINTED AS HE WROTE THEM. In his Prefatory Notes (xxxvii), Mr. Rae writes: The manuscript of it [THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL] in Sheridan's own handwriting is preserved at Frampton Court and is now printed in this volume. This version differs in many respects from that which is generally known, and I think it is even better than that which has hitherto been read and acted.

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the school for scandal by richard brinsley sheridan: The School for Scandal Richard Brinsley Sheridan, Lewis John Carlino, 2005 THE STORY: Sir Peter Teazle, a middle-aged, wealthy bachelor, has recently married a pretty maid from the country. Suddenly thrust into London's high society, the young and frivolous Lady Teazle finds herself a willing member of a vicious, scandal-

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Brinsley Sheridan, 2018-08-16 The School for Scandal A Comedy Richard Brinsley Sheridan The School for Scandal is Richard Brinsley Sheridan's classic comedy that pokes fun at London upper class society in the late 1700s. Often referred to as a comedy of manners, The School for Scandal is one Sheridan's most performed plays and a classic of English comedic drama. We are delighted to publish this classic book as part of our extensive Classic Library collection. Many of the books in our collection have been out of print for decades, and therefore have not been accessible to the general public. The aim of our publishing program is to facilitate rapid access to this vast reservoir of literature, and our view is that this is a significant literary work, which deserves to be brought back into print after many decades. The contents of the vast majority of titles in the Classic Library have been scanned from the original works. To ensure a high quality product, each title has been meticulously hand curated by our staff. Our philosophy has been guided by a desire to provide the reader with a book that is as close as possible to ownership of the original work. We hope that you will enjoy this wonderful classic work, and that for you it becomes an enriching experience.

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ESL Conversation Questions - School (I-TESL-J) What is your best memory from junior high school? How about high school? What's your worst memory? What school did you graduate from? What high school? What junior high school?

University, College, Institution, School, University College Institution School

faculty, department, school School: a part of a college or university specializing in a particular subject or group of subjects. College: one of the separate and named parts into which some universities are divided.

faculty, department, school Faculty of Dentistry (ACTA) Faculty of Science School of Business and Economics Faculty of Humanities Faculty of Law Faculty of Social Sciences Faculty of Theology VUmc School of

middle school - 8 Mar 2023 middle school intermediate school 6-8 high school

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secondary school
Faculty Department School College
home school EIPCS Home-School EIPCS

AP (Advanced Placement) AP

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