

PURCHASE OF ALASKA

THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA: A BOLD MOVE THAT CHANGED AMERICAN HISTORY

PURCHASE OF ALASKA IS A FASCINATING CHAPTER IN AMERICAN HISTORY THAT OFTEN SURPRISES MANY WHO AREN'T FAMILIAR WITH THE DETAILS. THIS EXTRAORDINARY LAND ACQUISITION, OFTEN CALLED "SEWARD'S FOLLY" OR "SEWARD'S ICEBOX" AT THE TIME, WAS A STRATEGIC AND ECONOMIC GAMBLE THAT ULTIMATELY TRANSFORMED THE UNITED STATES BOTH GEOGRAPHICALLY AND ECONOMICALLY. LET'S DIVE INTO THE STORY OF HOW THE U.S. BOUGHT ALASKA, WHY IT WAS SO CONTROVERSIAL, AND THE PROFOUND IMPACT IT HAS HAD THROUGH THE DECADES.

THE CONTEXT BEHIND THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA

THE MID-19TH CENTURY WAS A TIME OF EXPANSION AND AMBITION FOR THE UNITED STATES. AFTER THE CIVIL WAR, THE NATION WAS EAGER TO EXTEND ITS REACH, BUT THE IDEA OF ACQUIRING ALASKA SEEMED PUZZLING TO MANY. ALASKA WAS THEN A DISTANT RUSSIAN TERRITORY — VAST, ICY, AND SPARSELY POPULATED. RUSSIA, HOWEVER, WAS CONCERNED ABOUT ITS ABILITY TO DEFEND THE TERRITORY DURING RISING TENSIONS WITH GREAT BRITAIN AND SAW LITTLE ECONOMIC BENEFIT IN HOLDING ONTO ALASKA.

WHY DID RUSSIA SELL ALASKA?

THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE HAD A FEW REASONS FOR WANTING TO PART WITH ALASKA:

- **FINANCIAL STRAIN**: RUSSIA WAS RECOVERING FROM THE COSTLY CRIMEAN WAR AND NEEDED FUNDS.
- **STRATEGIC CONCERNS**: ALASKA WAS DIFFICULT TO DEFEND, ESPECIALLY AGAINST BRITISH FORCES IN NEARBY CANADA.
- **ECONOMIC VALUE**: THE FUR TRADE, ONCE LUCRATIVE, WAS DECLINING, AND RUSSIA DOUBTED ALASKA'S LONG-TERM PROFITABILITY.

GIVEN THESE FACTORS, RUSSIA WAS OPEN TO SELLING ALASKA TO A WILLING BUYER, WHICH THE UNITED STATES EVENTUALLY BECAME.

AMERICAN INTERESTS IN ALASKA BEFORE THE PURCHASE

WHILE MANY AMERICANS WERE SKEPTICAL ABOUT BUYING ALASKA, SOME VISIONARIES SAW POTENTIAL IN THE REGION'S RESOURCES AND STRATEGIC LOCATION. THE IDEA OF EXPANDING AMERICAN TERRITORY TOWARD THE PACIFIC AND ACCESSING NEW NATURAL RESOURCES APPEALED TO POLICYMAKERS, ESPECIALLY SECRETARY OF STATE WILLIAM H. SEWARD, WHO CHAMPIONED THE PURCHASE.

THE NEGOTIATION AND PURCHASE PROCESS

THE ACTUAL NEGOTIATION PROCESS WAS SPEARHEADED BY WILLIAM H. SEWARD, A PROMINENT AND SOMETIMES CONTROVERSIAL FIGURE IN AMERICAN POLITICS. DESPITE SKEPTICISM FROM BOTH CONGRESS AND THE PUBLIC, SEWARD BELIEVED THE PURCHASE WOULD PAY OFF IN THE LONG RUN.

THE DEAL DETAILS

- **DATE**: THE TREATY WAS SIGNED ON MARCH 30, 1867.
- **PRICE**: \$7.2 MILLION, WHICH IS ABOUT 2 CENTS AN ACRE.

- ****TERMS****: THE UNITED STATES AGREED TO PAY RUSSIA IN GOLD AND TAKE OVER ALL ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITIES.

THIS PRICE WAS CONSIDERED A BARGAIN EVEN AT THE TIME, THOUGH MANY AMERICANS DERIDED THE PURCHASE AS A WASTE OF MONEY.

PUBLIC REACTION TO THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA

THE INITIAL REACTION WAS MIXED AND OFTEN NEGATIVE:

- ****“SEWARD’S FOLLY”****: MANY NEWSPAPERS MOCKED THE PURCHASE AS AN EXPENSIVE MISTAKE.
- ****SKEPTICISM****: CRITICS ARGUED THAT ALASKA WAS A FROZEN WASTELAND WITH LITTLE TO OFFER.
- ****SUPPORT****: SOME POLITICIANS AND BUSINESSMEN SAW POTENTIAL IN ALASKA’S NATURAL RESOURCES.

DESPITE CRITICISM, THE PURCHASE WENT THROUGH, AND ALASKA OFFICIALLY BECAME A PART OF THE UNITED STATES ON OCTOBER 18, 1867.

ALASKA’S TRANSFORMATION AFTER THE PURCHASE

FAR FROM BEING A FOLLY, ALASKA EVENTUALLY PROVED TO BE A MAJOR ASSET TO THE UNITED STATES IN SEVERAL WAYS.

NATURAL RESOURCES AND ECONOMIC GROWTH

ALASKA’S VAST NATURAL RESOURCES BECAME INCREASINGLY APPARENT AFTER THE PURCHASE:

- ****GOLD RUSHES****: THE KLONDIKE GOLD RUSH OF THE 1890S BROUGHT THOUSANDS OF PROSPECTORS AND WEALTH TO THE AREA.
- ****OIL AND GAS****: THE DISCOVERY OF OIL IN PRUDHOE BAY IN THE 20TH CENTURY TRANSFORMED ALASKA INTO A KEY ENERGY SUPPLIER.
- ****FISHERIES****: RICH FISHING GROUNDS HAVE SUPPORTED BOTH LOCAL ECONOMIES AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE.

THESE RESOURCES HAVE CONTRIBUTED SIGNIFICANTLY TO ALASKA’S ECONOMY AND TO THE OVERALL WEALTH OF THE UNITED STATES.

STRATEGIC AND GEOPOLITICAL IMPORTANCE

ALASKA’S LOCATION ON THE NORTHWESTERN EDGE OF NORTH AMERICA HAS BEEN CRITICAL FOR U.S. MILITARY AND GEOPOLITICAL STRATEGY:

- ****WORLD WAR II****: ALASKA SERVED AS A STAGING GROUND AND DEFENSE POINT DURING THE WAR.
- ****COLD WAR ERA****: PROXIMITY TO THE SOVIET UNION MADE ALASKA A FRONTLINE IN EARLY WARNING SYSTEMS AND MILITARY BASES.
- ****MODERN DEFENSE****: ALASKA CONTINUES TO BE VITAL FOR AEROSPACE DEFENSE AND ARCTIC POLICY.

THE PURCHASE POSITIONED THE U.S. ADVANTAGEOUSLY IN THE PACIFIC AND ARCTIC REGIONS, ASPECTS THAT HAVE ONLY GROWN IN IMPORTANCE OVER TIME.

LEGACY AND MODERN PERSPECTIVES ON THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA

TODAY, THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA IS WIDELY REGARDED AS ONE OF THE SMARTEST LAND DEALS IN AMERICAN HISTORY. WHAT WAS ONCE MOCKED IS NOW CELEBRATED FOR ITS FORESIGHT.

ALASKA'S ROLE IN AMERICAN IDENTITY AND CULTURE

ALASKA HAS BECOME EMBLEMATIC OF RUGGED WILDERNESS, NATURAL BEAUTY, AND FRONTIER SPIRIT. IT PLAYS A UNIQUE ROLE IN AMERICAN CULTURE THROUGH:

- ****TOURISM****: VISITORS FLOCK TO ALASKA FOR ITS GLACIERS, WILDLIFE, AND OUTDOOR ADVENTURES.
- ****INDIGENOUS HERITAGE****: THE STATE IS HOME TO MANY NATIVE ALASKAN CULTURES WITH RICH HISTORIES.
- ****ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION****: ALASKA'S WILDERNESS AREAS ARE CRITICAL FOR BIODIVERSITY AND CLIMATE RESEARCH.

LESSONS FROM THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA

FOR POLICYMAKERS AND HISTORIANS, THE ALASKA PURCHASE OFFERS VALUABLE INSIGHTS:

- ****VISION AND PATIENCE****: SOMETIMES, INVESTMENTS IN SEEMINGLY UNPROFITABLE REGIONS PAY OFF DECADES LATER.
- ****GEOPOLITICAL STRATEGY****: TERRITORIAL ACQUISITIONS CAN SIGNIFICANTLY SHIFT GLOBAL POWER DYNAMICS.
- ****ECONOMIC POTENTIAL****: NATURAL RESOURCES CAN TRANSFORM ECONOMIES BUT REQUIRE LONG-TERM DEVELOPMENT.

THOSE STUDYING LAND ACQUISITIONS AND AMERICAN EXPANSIONISM FIND THE ALASKA PURCHASE A COMPELLING CASE STUDY FOR BALANCING RISK WITH REWARD.

EXPLORING ALASKA TODAY: WHAT THE PURCHASE MEANS FOR TRAVELERS AND RESIDENTS

IF YOU'RE CURIOUS ABOUT ALASKA'S ALLURE TODAY, UNDERSTANDING THE PURCHASE HELPS APPRECIATE WHY SO MANY ARE DRAWN TO THE STATE. FROM ITS STUNNING LANDSCAPES TO ITS RICH WILDLIFE AND VIBRANT COMMUNITIES, ALASKA OFFERS AN EXPERIENCE LIKE NO OTHER.

TRAVEL AND ADVENTURE OPPORTUNITIES

ALASKA'S UNIQUE GEOGRAPHY PROVIDES A PLAYGROUND FOR OUTDOOR ENTHUSIASTS:

- GLACIER HIKING AND ICE CLIMBING
- WILDLIFE VIEWING, INCLUDING BEARS, MOOSE, AND WHALES
- NORTHERN LIGHTS VIEWING IN WINTER MONTHS
- FISHING AND BOATING IN PRISTINE WATERS

LIVING IN ALASKA: CHALLENGES AND REWARDS

FOR RESIDENTS, ALASKA'S REMOTE LOCATION AND HARSH CLIMATE CAN BE CHALLENGING, BUT THE STATE ALSO OFFERS A TIGHT-KNIT COMMUNITY AND A DEEP CONNECTION TO NATURE. THE PURCHASE LAID THE GROUNDWORK FOR A DIVERSE POPULATION THAT INCLUDES INDIGENOUS PEOPLES, SETTLERS, AND NEWCOMERS DRAWN BY ALASKA'S OPPORTUNITIES.

THE STORY OF THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA IS NOT JUST ABOUT A LAND DEAL; IT'S ABOUT VISION, RESILIENCE, AND THE UNFOLDING OF A BOLD AMERICAN CHAPTER THAT CONTINUES TO SHAPE THE NATION. FROM SKEPTICISM AND RIDICULE TO PRIDE AND PROSPERITY, ALASKA'S JOURNEY INTO THE UNITED STATES IS A TESTAMENT TO THE POWER OF LOOKING BEYOND THE IMMEDIATE HORIZON.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT WAS THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA?

THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA WAS A TRANSACTION IN 1867 IN WHICH THE UNITED STATES BOUGHT ALASKA FROM THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE FOR \$7.2 MILLION.

WHY DID THE UNITED STATES DECIDE TO PURCHASE ALASKA?

THE UNITED STATES PURCHASED ALASKA TO EXPAND ITS TERRITORY, GAIN ACCESS TO NATURAL RESOURCES, AND PREVENT BRITISH EXPANSION FROM CANADA.

HOW MUCH DID THE UNITED STATES PAY FOR ALASKA?

THE UNITED STATES PAID \$7.2 MILLION FOR ALASKA, WHICH IS ROUGHLY TWO CENTS PER ACRE.

WHO NEGOTIATED THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA?

THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA WAS NEGOTIATED BY U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE WILLIAM H. SEWARD AND RUSSIAN MINISTER TO THE UNITED STATES EDUARD DE STOECKL.

HOW WAS THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA RECEIVED BY THE AMERICAN PUBLIC AT THE TIME?

INITIALLY, THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA WAS MOCKED AND CALLED "SEWARD'S FOLLY" BECAUSE MANY AMERICANS THOUGHT IT WAS A WASTE OF MONEY FOR A FROZEN, REMOTE TERRITORY.

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

PURCHASE OF ALASKA: AN IN-DEPTH HISTORICAL AND GEOPOLITICAL ANALYSIS

PURCHASE OF ALASKA STANDS OUT AS ONE OF THE MOST SIGNIFICANT AND, AT THE TIME, CONTROVERSIAL LAND ACQUISITIONS IN AMERICAN HISTORY. COMPLETED IN 1867, THIS TRANSACTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE EXPANDED U.S. TERRITORY BY APPROXIMATELY 586,412 SQUARE MILES, RESHAPING GEOPOLITICAL DYNAMICS IN NORTH AMERICA. DESPITE INITIAL SKEPTICISM AND PUBLIC CRITICISM, THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA ULTIMATELY PROVED TO BE A STRATEGIC AND RESOURCE-RICH ACQUISITION, INFLUENCING ECONOMIC, MILITARY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS FOR DECADES TO COME.

THE HISTORICAL CONTEXT OF THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA

THE ORIGINS OF THE PURCHASE TRACE BACK TO THE MID-19TH CENTURY, WHEN RUSSIA INCREASINGLY VIEWED ITS ALASKAN TERRITORY AS A FINANCIAL BURDEN. THE CRIMEAN WAR AND SUBSEQUENT CONFLICTS HAD STRAINED RUSSIAN RESOURCES, AND ALASKA'S REMOTE LOCATION MADE IT DIFFICULT TO GOVERN AND DEFEND EFFECTIVELY. MEANWHILE, THE UNITED STATES, FRESH FROM THE CIVIL WAR AND EAGER TO EXPAND ITS REACH, SAW AN OPPORTUNITY TO EXTEND ITS INFLUENCE INTO THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST.

NEGOTIATED PRIMARILY BY U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE WILLIAM H. SEWARD, THE DEAL WAS FINALIZED FOR \$7.2 MILLION, APPROXIMATELY TWO CENTS PER ACRE. AT THE TIME, CRITICS DERIDED THE ACQUISITION AS “SEWARD’S FOLLY” OR “SEWARD’S ICEBOX,” DOUBTING ALASKA’S VALUE AND VIABILITY. HOWEVER, THE TERRITORY’S VAST NATURAL RESOURCES WOULD SOON PROVE THE SKEPTICS WRONG.

STRATEGIC MOTIVATIONS BEHIND THE ACQUISITION

BEYOND MERE TERRITORIAL EXPANSION, THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA HAD CLEAR STRATEGIC MOTIVATIONS. THE U.S. GOVERNMENT RECOGNIZED THE IMPORTANCE OF SECURING A Foothold IN THE NORTH PACIFIC TO COUNTER BRITISH INFLUENCE FROM CANADA AND TO ESTABLISH A PRESENCE NEAR RUSSIA’S EASTERN FRONTIER. ALASKA’S LOCATION ALSO OFFERED POTENTIAL NAVAL ADVANTAGES, SERVING AS A COALING STATION AND A BASE FOR OPERATIONS IN THE PACIFIC THEATER.

FURTHERMORE, THE PURCHASE ALIGNED WITH THE BROADER AMERICAN IDEOLOGY OF MANIFEST DESTINY, REFLECTING A BELIEF THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS DESTINED TO EXPAND ACROSS THE CONTINENT. ADDING ALASKA WAS BOTH A SYMBOLIC AND PRACTICAL EXTENSION OF THIS VISION.

ECONOMIC AND NATURAL RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

ONE OF THE MOST COMPELLING ASPECTS OF THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA IS ITS WEALTH OF NATURAL RESOURCES, WHICH WERE LARGELY UNEXPLOITED AT THE TIME OF ACQUISITION. INITIALLY, ECONOMIC BENEFITS WERE SLOW TO MATERIALIZE, BUT THE TERRITORY’S VAST FORESTS, ABUNDANT FISH STOCKS, AND MINERAL DEPOSITS SOON ATTRACTED ATTENTION.

MINERAL RICHES AND OIL DISCOVERIES

GOLD DISCOVERIES IN THE LATE 19TH CENTURY SPARKED THE ALASKA GOLD RUSH, DRAWING THOUSANDS OF PROSPECTORS AND INVESTMENT INTO THE REGION. THIS INFLUX HELPED TO INTEGRATE ALASKA MORE FULLY INTO THE AMERICAN ECONOMY. LATER, THE DISCOVERY OF OIL, PARTICULARLY AFTER THE MID-20TH CENTURY, TRANSFORMED ALASKA INTO A CRITICAL ENERGY SUPPLIER. THE PRUDHOE BAY OIL FIELD, DISCOVERED IN 1968, REMAINS ONE OF THE LARGEST OIL FIELDS IN NORTH AMERICA, UNDERSCORING THE LONG-TERM ECONOMIC IMPACT OF THE PURCHASE.

FISHING AND TIMBER INDUSTRIES

ALASKA’S EXTENSIVE COASTLINE SUPPORTS SOME OF THE RICHEST FISHING GROUNDS IN THE WORLD. THE SALMON FISHERIES HAVE BECOME A VITAL PART OF BOTH LOCAL ECONOMIES AND INTERNATIONAL TRADE. ADDITIONALLY, THE VAST BOREAL FORESTS OFFER SIGNIFICANT TIMBER RESOURCES, ALTHOUGH SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT HAS BEEN A CONSTANT CONCERN.

GEOPOLITICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA ALSO BROUGHT WITH IT COMPLEX GEOPOLITICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS THAT HAVE SHAPED POLICY DECISIONS WELL INTO THE 21ST CENTURY.

MILITARY SIGNIFICANCE IN GLOBAL CONFLICTS

ALASKA’S STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE WAS HIGHLIGHTED DURING WORLD WAR II AND THE COLD WAR. THE TERRITORY SERVED AS A CRITICAL DEFENSE POINT AGAINST POTENTIAL INVASIONS AND AS A LAUNCH SITE FOR MILITARY OPERATIONS IN THE PACIFIC AND ARCTIC REGIONS. THE CONSTRUCTION OF MILITARY BASES AND THE ALASKA HIGHWAY DURING WORLD WAR II

UNDERScoreD THE REGION'S TACTICAL VALUE.

ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP AND CHALLENGES

WITH ITS DIVERSE ECOSYSTEMS, ALASKA PRESENTS UNIQUE ENVIRONMENTAL CHALLENGES. MANAGING THE BALANCE BETWEEN RESOURCE EXTRACTION AND CONSERVATION HAS BEEN A PERSISTENT ISSUE. THE PURCHASE PAVED THE WAY FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL PARKS AND WILDLIFE REFUGES, PROTECTING VAST TRACTS OF WILDERNESS. HOWEVER, ONGOING DEBATES ABOUT DRILLING, MINING, AND INDIGENOUS RIGHTS CONTINUE TO INFLUENCE ALASKA'S ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES.

SOCIO-CULTURAL IMPACT AND INDIGENOUS PERSPECTIVES

THE ACQUISITION OF ALASKA ALSO DEEPLY AFFECTED THE INDIGENOUS POPULATIONS WHO HAD INHABITED THE REGION FOR MILLENNIA. THE TRANSITION FROM RUSSIAN TO AMERICAN CONTROL INTRODUCED NEW GOVERNANCE STRUCTURES, LEGAL SYSTEMS, AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES, BUT ALSO BROUGHT CHALLENGES.

CHANGES IN GOVERNANCE AND LEGAL STATUS

UNDER AMERICAN RULE, ALASKA WAS INITIALLY GOVERNED AS A DISTRICT BEFORE ACHIEVING STATEHOOD IN 1959. THIS GRADUAL INTEGRATION RAISED QUESTIONS ABOUT LAND RIGHTS AND POLITICAL REPRESENTATION FOR NATIVE PEOPLES. FEDERAL POLICIES, INCLUDING LAND CLAIMS SETTLEMENTS AND SELF-GOVERNANCE AGREEMENTS, HAVE SOUGHT TO ADDRESS THESE ISSUES, THOUGH TENSIONS REMAIN.

PRESERVING INDIGENOUS CULTURES

ALASKA IS HOME TO DIVERSE INDIGENOUS GROUPS, EACH WITH UNIQUE LANGUAGES, TRADITIONS, AND CONNECTIONS TO THE LAND. THE PURCHASE AND SUBSEQUENT AMERICAN ADMINISTRATION INTRODUCED PRESSURES OF ASSIMILATION AND ECONOMIC CHANGE, BUT ALSO OPPORTUNITIES FOR CULTURAL REVITALIZATION THROUGH EDUCATION AND LEGAL PROTECTIONS.

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS: PURCHASE OF ALASKA VERSUS OTHER LAND ACQUISITIONS

WHEN COMPARED TO OTHER HISTORICAL LAND ACQUISITIONS LIKE THE LOUISIANA PURCHASE OR THE ACQUISITION OF THE PHILIPPINES, THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA STANDS OUT FOR ITS INITIALLY UNDERESTIMATED VALUE AND LONG-TERM STRATEGIC IMPORTANCE.

- **LOUISIANA PURCHASE:** AT \$15 MILLION, IT DOUBLED THE SIZE OF THE U.S. AND WAS WIDELY CELEBRATED AT THE TIME FOR ITS IMMEDIATE BENEFITS.
- **PURCHASE OF ALASKA:** AT \$7.2 MILLION, IT WAS MET WITH SKEPTICISM BUT EVENTUALLY REVEALED IMMENSE RESOURCE WEALTH AND STRATEGIC ADVANTAGE.
- **PHILIPPINE ACQUISITION:** RESULTED FROM WAR AND COMPLICATED BY COLONIAL GOVERNANCE CHALLENGES, REFLECTING A DIFFERENT IMPERIAL DYNAMIC.

THIS COMPARISON HIGHLIGHTS HOW PERCEPTIONS OF TERRITORIAL ACQUISITIONS CAN EVOLVE DRAMATICALLY OVER TIME AS

LEGACY AND MODERN RELEVANCE

TODAY, THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA IS VIEWED THROUGH A MORE NUANCED LENS. WHILE IT WAS ONCE DISMISSED, ALASKA IS NOW RECOGNIZED AS AN INDISPENSABLE PART OF THE UNITED STATES, CONTRIBUTING TO ENERGY INDEPENDENCE, ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION, AND CULTURAL DIVERSITY.

THE ONGOING DEBATES SURROUNDING RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT, CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACTS, AND INDIGENOUS RIGHTS ILLUSTRATE HOW THE PURCHASE CONTINUES TO SHAPE AMERICAN POLICY AND IDENTITY. ALASKA'S ROLE IN ARCTIC GEOPOLITICS HAS GROWN MORE PROMINENT, ESPECIALLY AS MELTING ICE OPENS NEW MARITIME ROUTES AND ACCESS TO UNTAPPED RESOURCES.

THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA SERVES AS A REMINDER THAT THE TRUE VALUE OF TERRITORIAL ACQUISITIONS OFTEN EXTENDS BEYOND IMMEDIATE ECONOMIC CALCULATIONS, ENCOMPASSING STRATEGIC FORESIGHT, ENVIRONMENTAL STEWARDSHIP, AND THE COMPLEX HUMAN DIMENSIONS OF GOVERNANCE AND CULTURE.

Purchase Of Alaska

Find other PDF articles:

<http://142.93.153.27/archive-th-090/files?docid=vQH28-2681&title=chick-fil-a-bowl-history.pdf>

purchase of alaska: *The Purchase of Alaska* Ellen Hansen, 1994 This anthology includes excerpts from the Alaska Treaty, correspondence between Secretary of State Seward and Russian Foreign Minister Stoeckl, Senator Charles Sumner's speech to the U.S. Senate, reactions of the press, an excerpt from Hubert Howe Bancroft's History of Alaska, and short essays by historian Ellen Hansen.

purchase of alaska: *The Purchase of Alaska* Victor John Farrar, 1935

purchase of alaska: *Alaska* Claus-M. Naske, 1987 History of the state of Alaska from early to contemporary times, discussing its native peoples, sale to the United States, gold rush, quest for statehood, and oil boom.

purchase of alaska: *A Bibliography of Alaskan Literature, 1724-1924* James Wickersham, 1927 Contains the titles of all histories, travels, voyages, newspapers, periodicals, public documents, etc., printed in English, Russian, German, French, Spanish, etc., relating to, descriptive of, or published in Russian America or Alaska, from 1724 to and including 1924.

purchase of alaska: *Construction of Alaska Railroad* United States. Congress. House. Committee on the Territories, 1919

purchase of alaska: *Russian Colonization of Alaska* Andrei Val'terovich Grinëv, 2022-10 In this third volume of Russian Colonization of Alaska, Andrei Val'terovich Grinëv examines the final period in the history of Russian America, from naval officers' coming to power in the colonies (1818) to the sale of Alaska to the United States (1867). During this time, in addition to the extraction of furs, other kinds of modern production continued to develop in Alaska, including shipbuilding, cutting and mining of timber and coal, and harvesting fish and ice for export. Grinëv's definitive volume explores how certain economic successes could not prevent the growth of crisis phenomena. Due to the low competitiveness of products and the distributive nature of the economy, the Russian colonial system could not compete with the dynamically developing Anglo-American capitalist colonization. Russian Colonization of Alaska is the first comprehensive study to analyze the origin and evolution of Russian

colonization based on research into political economy, history, and ethnography. Grinëv's study elaborates the social, political, spiritual, ideological, personal, and psychological aspects of Russian America, and accounts for the idiosyncrasies of the natural environment, competition from other North American empires, Alaska Natives, and individual colonial diplomats. The colonization of Alaska, rather than being simply a continuation of the colonization of Siberia by Russians, was instead part of overarching Russian and global history.

purchase of alaska: Report of the Governor of Alaska to the Secretary of the Interior Alaska. Governor, 1900

purchase of alaska: *Annual Report of the Governor of Alaska to the Secretary of the Interior* Alaska. Governor, 1954

purchase of alaska: ... History of Alaska Hubert Howe Bancroft, 1886

purchase of alaska: *History of Alaska , Volume I* Jonathan M. Nielson, Ph.D., 2018-02-01 As a unique, distant geographical region of the United States, Alaska has evolved from military insignificance to high strategic priority in the 142 years since its purchase from Russia in 1867. The reasons for this dramatic shift derive from a correlation of geography, foreign policy, domestic politics, and military technology. Historically the role of the armed forces in Alaska has been large and diverse. Alaska was one of the two principal territorial purchases made by the United States between 1803 and 1867 adding nearly 1.5 million square miles to America's national domain. Smaller by the size of Texas than Jefferson's Louisiana Purchase, Alaska, unlike all of the territories and states carved out of the former, languished in obscurity and isolation, and was administered as a colonial dependency by the military and other branches of the federal government, its official 'territorial status' and government notwithstanding. While sharing many common aspects of frontier settlement and Western history with territories such as Montana, the Dakotas, Wyoming, and Colorado, Alaska presented special challenges peculiar to a non-contiguous arctic and sub-Arctic environment, separated from the United States by a foreign power. Indeed, only the defeated South under Reconstruction experienced the same degree of military occupation and martial law. Alaska also has the unique distinction in the American experience of belonging to Imperial Russia before it became of interest to American expansionists. Still others found Alaska tempting and pursued their own designs North of '53. The Spanish, British, Canadians, and even the French plied Alaska's waters and made their claims to Alyeska- the Great Land. And it is with these clashing imperial ambitions that this three-volume history begins.

purchase of alaska: General Information Regarding the Territory of Alaska United States. Department of the Interior, 1931

purchase of alaska: The Works of Hubert Howe Bancroft: History of Alaska. 1886 Hubert Howe Bancroft, 1886

purchase of alaska: Alaska Lands Land Classification Proposals and Decisions Involving Forests and Related Resources of Alaska, Report , 1980

purchase of alaska: Alaska's Place in the West Roxanne Willis, 2010 The first comprehensive examination of Alaskan development schemes from 1890 to the present. Focuses on five major conflicts between environmentalists and developers, from reindeer herding to the Trans-Alaska Pipeline. Takes readers behind common and simplistic representations of the state to explore the rich history and extreme diversity of a land that cannot easily be pigeonholed into typical American conceptions about place.

purchase of alaska: Alaskan Fisheries United States. Congress. House. Merchant Marine and Fisheries, 1940

purchase of alaska: Alaskan Fisheries United States. Congress. House. Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries, 1940

purchase of alaska: The Seal-islands of Alaska Henry W. Elliott, 1881

purchase of alaska: Hearings United States. Congress Senate, 1965

purchase of alaska: Water Pollution United States. Congress. Senate. Committee on Public Works. Subcommittee on Air and Water Pollution, 1965

purchase of alaska: *The Wonders of Alaska* Alexander Badlam, 1891 Another Briton & Rey printing job with some of the plates showing a high degree of skill. The images are an interesting mixture of the half-tone and the collotype. The pictorial cover drawn from photographs is very good. According to a review in the Photographic Times the collotypes in the first edition were by the American Bank Note Company.--Hanson Collection catalog, pp. 110-111.

Related to purchase of alaska

Welcome to Purchase College a college as unique as you. A diverse community of unconventional thinkers have found a home for their big ideas at Purchase College. We bet you'll fit right in

Current Students • Portals • Purchase College Purchase College Joins UN's University Global Coalition The move is part of the college's ongoing commitment to sustainability and social justice

Majors and Minors • Academics • Purchase College At Purchase College, the mix of professional conservatory training in the visual and performing arts with rigorous programs in the sciences, humanities, and liberal arts produces a unique

About • Purchase College Beyond the Brick Sophia chose Purchase for all it offers. She's majoring in biology, but as a musician and dancer, she was drawn to the creative culture. She's learned scanning electron

Admissions • Purchase College Purchase Named a Top Ten Public School The college holds the #8 spot on US News and World Report's Top Public Schools list among National Liberal Arts Colleges for 2026

Academics • Purchase College Top Story Purchase Awarded Nearly \$2M from USNSF The U.S. National Science Foundation (NSF) grant will provide scholarships and support to 34 STEM students

Brightspace LMS • Teaching, Learning, and Technology Center • Please note that Moodle is only available to faculty members connected to the Purchase College network, either from on-campus or remotely via OpenVPN. Access to Moodle will remain

Our Campus • About • Purchase College Purchase College sits in Westchester County, one of the oldest and most well-established destinations in the scenic Hudson Valley, just 30 miles from Manhattan

Purchase College - SUNY : CourseSearch *All* Acting American Sign Language Anthropology Art History Arts Management Arts Open Access Asian Studies Ballet Biochemistry Biology Chemistry Chinese Cinema and Television

Accepted Students • Admissions • Purchase College Whether you're still deciding or have already committed to attending Purchase, find information on next steps for all accepted students

Welcome to Purchase College a college as unique as you. A diverse community of unconventional thinkers have found a home for their big ideas at Purchase College. We bet you'll fit right in

Current Students • Portals • Purchase College Purchase College Joins UN's University Global Coalition The move is part of the college's ongoing commitment to sustainability and social justice

Majors and Minors • Academics • Purchase College At Purchase College, the mix of professional conservatory training in the visual and performing arts with rigorous programs in the sciences, humanities, and liberal arts produces a unique

About • Purchase College Beyond the Brick Sophia chose Purchase for all it offers. She's majoring in biology, but as a musician and dancer, she was drawn to the creative culture. She's learned scanning electron

Admissions • Purchase College Purchase Named a Top Ten Public School The college holds the #8 spot on US News and World Report's Top Public Schools list among National Liberal Arts Colleges for 2026

Academics • Purchase College Top Story Purchase Awarded Nearly \$2M from USNSF The U.S. National Science Foundation (NSF) grant will provide scholarships and support to 34 STEM students

Brightspace LMS • Teaching, Learning, and Technology Center • Please note that Moodle is only available to faculty members connected to the Purchase College network, either from on-campus or remotely via OpenVPN. Access to Moodle will remain

Our Campus • About • Purchase College Purchase College sits in Westchester County, one of the oldest and most well-established destinations in the scenic Hudson Valley, just 30 miles from Manhattan

Purchase College - SUNY : CourseSearch *All* Acting American Sign Language Anthropology Art History Arts Management Arts Open Access Asian Studies Ballet Biochemistry Biology Chemistry Chinese Cinema and Television

Accepted Students • Admissions • Purchase College Whether you're still deciding or have already committed to attending Purchase, find information on next steps for all accepted students

Welcome to Purchase College a college as unique as you. A diverse community of unconventional thinkers have found a home for their big ideas at Purchase College. We bet you'll fit right in

Current Students • Portals • Purchase College Purchase College Joins UN's University Global Coalition The move is part of the college's ongoing commitment to sustainability and social justice

Majors and Minors • Academics • Purchase College At Purchase College, the mix of professional conservatory training in the visual and performing arts with rigorous programs in the sciences, humanities, and liberal arts produces a unique

About • Purchase College Beyond the Brick Sophia chose Purchase for all it offers. She's majoring in biology, but as a musician and dancer, she was drawn to the creative culture. She's learned scanning electron

Admissions • Purchase College Purchase Named a Top Ten Public School The college holds the #8 spot on US News and World Report's Top Public Schools list among National Liberal Arts Colleges for 2026

Academics • Purchase College Top Story Purchase Awarded Nearly \$2M from USNSF The U.S. National Science Foundation (NSF) grant will provide scholarships and support to 34 STEM students

Brightspace LMS • Teaching, Learning, and Technology Center • Please note that Moodle is only available to faculty members connected to the Purchase College network, either from on-campus or remotely via OpenVPN. Access to Moodle will remain

Our Campus • About • Purchase College Purchase College sits in Westchester County, one of the oldest and most well-established destinations in the scenic Hudson Valley, just 30 miles from Manhattan

Purchase College - SUNY : CourseSearch *All* Acting American Sign Language Anthropology Art History Arts Management Arts Open Access Asian Studies Ballet Biochemistry Biology Chemistry Chinese Cinema and Television

Accepted Students • Admissions • Purchase College Whether you're still deciding or have already committed to attending Purchase, find information on next steps for all accepted students

Related to purchase of alaska

Juneau Assembly approves multimillion-dollar purchase of new City Hall location (KTOO6d) The Michael J. Burns building, which houses the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation downtown, will become Juneau's new City

Juneau Assembly approves multimillion-dollar purchase of new City Hall location (KTOO6d) The Michael J. Burns building, which houses the Alaska Permanent Fund Corporation downtown, will become Juneau's new City

Russian nationalists want Alaska back, and they want Putin to take it by force (Hosted on MSN1mon) America's purchase of Alaska in 1867 was a bizarre land deal between two countries. It was either hated or ridiculed across most of the world. But now, Russian nationalists want their long-lost icebox

Russian nationalists want Alaska back, and they want Putin to take it by force (Hosted on MSN1mon) America's purchase of Alaska in 1867 was a bizarre land deal between two countries. It was either hated or ridiculed across most of the world. But now, Russian nationalists want their long-lost icebox

Housing authority, city mark purchase of Selief Street property (Kodiak Daily Mirror1d)

Kodiak Island Housing Authority and the Kodiak City Council celebrated KIHA's purchase of 6.42 acres of city land near the

Housing authority, city mark purchase of Selief Street property (Kodiak Daily Mirror1d)

Kodiak Island Housing Authority and the Kodiak City Council celebrated KIHA's purchase of 6.42 acres of city land near the

Russians Happy To Come Home to Alaska for Putin-Trump Summit (New York Sun1mon) In the lead-up to Friday's Trump-Putin summit, Russians already are crowing victory. The choice of Alaska checks many boxes. Anchorage is midway between Moscow and Washington. Ukraine and Europe are 5

Russians Happy To Come Home to Alaska for Putin-Trump Summit (New York Sun1mon) In the lead-up to Friday's Trump-Putin summit, Russians already are crowing victory. The choice of Alaska checks many boxes. Anchorage is midway between Moscow and Washington. Ukraine and Europe are 5

Alaska was once a full-fledged Russian colony. Now it's hosting a U.S.-Russia summit

(Houston Public Media1mon) Russia lost a war in Crimea in the 1850s, leaving the country deep in debt. To ease that burden, Russia cut a real estate deal with the U.S. government, selling its colony of Alaska to the Americans

Alaska was once a full-fledged Russian colony. Now it's hosting a U.S.-Russia summit

(Houston Public Media1mon) Russia lost a war in Crimea in the 1850s, leaving the country deep in debt. To ease that burden, Russia cut a real estate deal with the U.S. government, selling its colony of Alaska to the Americans

Tentative agreements announced for Alaska LNG with Japanese, Korean companies

(Fairbanks Daily News-Miner18d) A major Japanese electric company signed a tentative agreement to purchase 1 million tons of natural gas from the proposed Alaska LNG pipeline, according to an announcement from Glenfarne, the project

Tentative agreements announced for Alaska LNG with Japanese, Korean companies

(Fairbanks Daily News-Miner18d) A major Japanese electric company signed a tentative agreement to purchase 1 million tons of natural gas from the proposed Alaska LNG pipeline, according to an announcement from Glenfarne, the project

Why Alaska? The Symbolism of Holding the Trump-Putin Summit In The Frontier State

(Hosted on MSN1mon) When Russian President Vladimir Putin touches down in Alaska on Friday to discuss ending the war in Ukraine with U.S. President Donald Trump, he'll be landing in a former Russian colony that still

Why Alaska? The Symbolism of Holding the Trump-Putin Summit In The Frontier State

(Hosted on MSN1mon) When Russian President Vladimir Putin touches down in Alaska on Friday to discuss ending the war in Ukraine with U.S. President Donald Trump, he'll be landing in a former Russian colony that still

Alaska was once a full-fledged Russian colony. Now it will host a U.S.-Russia summit

(WWNO1mon) Russia lost a war in Crimea in the middle of the 19th century. It left the country deep in debt, and to ease that burden, Russia cut a real estate deal with the U.S. and sold Alaska to the Americans

Alaska was once a full-fledged Russian colony. Now it will host a U.S.-Russia summit

(WWNO1mon) Russia lost a war in Crimea in the middle of the 19th century. It left the country deep in debt, and to ease that burden, Russia cut a real estate deal with the U.S. and sold Alaska to the Americans

Back to Home: <http://142.93.153.27>